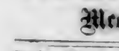
Mechanical.

Spring Wagons! Spring Wagons!
COOLING & BLUNDEN,
MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND



Have for sale several sizes of CHAMBERLAIN & CO.'S Celebrated SPRING WAGONS, which they will sell LOW for Cash.
ad dtf

WATER! WATER!
LOUISVILLE PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT,
NO. 624 THIRD STREET, NEAR JEFFERSON.

Water Pipes, Hydrants, Hose, &c.

WE ARE prepared to introduce WATER PIPES into Dwellings, Stores and Factories, on reasonable terms. We have a full stock of Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Shower Baths, Wash Basins, Hydrants, Hose and Hoses. Having a long experience in the business, we guarantee to give entire satisfaction to all work entrusted to us.
DONALY & STRADER,
mch14 dtf Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters.

CORRUGATED WROUGHT IRON AND WIRE RAILING.

SECURED BY LETTERS PATENT.—Admirably adapted for enclosing Public Grounds, Cemeteries, Balconies, Cottages, &c., Sheep and Cattle Pens, Patent Wire, Sacking, Bedsteads, with every variety of Folding Iron Bedsteads and Iron Furniture, Patent Wire Coal Screens, Ore, Sand and Gravel Screens, Wire Netting for Mosquito, Sheep, Poultry, and other purposes; Wire Summer Houses, Fancy Wire Work in great variety, for Gardens, &c.
P. M. WALKER & SONS, Manufacturers,
No. 705 Marsch, Nat. corner Sixth st., Philada.
ol: dly

HOUSEKEEPRS' EMPORIUM.
P. M. JONES,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
STOVES AND TINWARE,
PATENT REFRIGERATORS,
Water Coolers, Bath Tubs,
—AND—
Housekeeping Articles Generally,
NO. 77 FOURTH STREET,
Two doors above National Hotel.
au23dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

LIGHTBURN & WARD,
(Successors to A. F. Ward & Co.)
CORNER OF MAIN AND TWELFTH STS.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
MAKE TO ORDER ALL KINDS OF
Machinery, Tools, Implements, Fixtures, &c., &c.,

SUCH as Portable Steam Engines, Stationary Steam Engines, Boilers, Steam Land-rend er's Apparatus, Wood working Machinery, Bartleomew's Patent Resaw Machines, warranted equal to any in use. Also, Malt Mills, and Distillery Machinery Pumps, Pipes, &c.—Chain Pump Boxes and Fixtures, Pattern Making, Drawing, Designing and a general variety of Plain and Fancy Wood Work, Turning, Sawing, Planing, &c

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
☞ Work carefully packed to ship to any distance.
1y21 dtf

CLAY STREET
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard,
ON CLAY STREET, NEAR THE RIVER.
Door, Blind and Sash Factory.

MANUFACTURERS and Dealers in all kinds of Doors, Blinds, Sash Ready Painted and glazed, Frames, Mantels, Base, Architraves, Pilasters, Moldings, Bracketing, Wire Fire Fronting, Stair-work, Steamboat Decking, dressed and undressed Weatherboarding, Shelving, &c. We keep constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of Timber and Plank, a number of superior quality, suitable for the finish of Cabinet Ware and Picture Frames.
Dressing, Ripping, Splitting, Scroll Sawing, and Turning, &c., done to order at reasonable rates—Send for full list of prices.
jan27 dly H. McCLARAN & CO.

WATER WORKS
THOS. WILLIAMS.....GEO. BROBSTON
Thos. Williams & Co.,
North side of Market street, between Third and Fourth.

WE ARE PREPARED TO INTRODUCE WATER INTO DWELLINGS, STORES, FACTORIES &c. On connection with the Louisville Water Company, on reasonable terms.
Having had a long experience in the business, we guarantee all of our work to be done in a proper manner.
☞ WATER CLOSETS, WASH BASINS, BATH TUBS, APPARATUS, SINKS, and everything in the PLUMBING LINE furnished and put up.
no12 dtf

MOORE'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MAMMOTH FURNITURE DEPOT,
CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, &c.
No. 218 east side Fourth street, between Market and Main, LOUISVILLE, KY.
1y11 dtf

COTTON, CAULKING,
AND
BATTING FACTORY,
Corner Rowan and Thirteenth Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

THE undersigned respectfully Informs his patrons and the public that he has enlarged his establishment for the manufacturing of the above articles, and have them always on hand.
ABR. HADFIELD,
N. B.—City orders delivered free of charge.
1-4d f

WILLIAM KAYE,

BELL and Brass Founder, Water street, between First and Second, Louisville, Ky., is prepared to make Bells for Churches, Steamboats, Taverns, &c., of all sizes and of a quality of which he keeps an assortment on hand.
Also, Horse and Jail Scales, Oil Globes, Cylinder, Gauge, and Speed Cocks, every size; Copper Bolts, etc., Speller Solder and Brass Castings of every description.
☞ CASH paid for old Copper and Brass
d1l dtf

ARCHITECTURAL FOUNDRY.
SWEANEY & CO.,
PORTLAND AV., BELOW FOURTEENTH ST.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

MANUFACTURE to order, Iron Fronts, Allegories and Sash Accompaniments; Drain Pipes &c. Also Iron Window Caps and Sills.
All orders for Iron Work promptly attended to and guaranteed.
old dly

NOVELTY WORKS,
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY!
Steam Engines & Circular Saw Mills.

WE ARE manufacturing Stationary Steam Engines and Circular Saw Mills, of the latest and most approved styles; Brass work of every description; Mill Gearing; Asheraft's Steam Gauges, Faber's Water Gauges; Iron Planers, Steamboat and Bar Shearing of all its branches.
We also manufacture improved Sugar Cane Mills.
☞ Orders solicited.
P. S.—Cash paid for old Copper, Brass and Scrap Iron. DAWLEY, ALLISON & BALDWIN,
ap26 dtf cor. Eighth and Water sts., Louisville Ky.

Jewelry Store--Fine Watches.

UNDER the National Hotel. The undersigned invites the attention of his friends and the public to his choice assortment of every description, including the following, all of which are offered on accommodating terms: Fashionable Jewelry; Coral, Cameo, Pearl, Diamond, Jet, Miniature, Chains, Lockets, Rings, &c.; English, Swiss, and American Gold and Silver Watches, fine Spectacles, Opera Glasses, Jewelers' Compasses, Watchmakers' Materials. Manufacturer of Silverware; repairing in every department.
WM. HOT.
Main street.

JAS. BRIDGEFORD & CO.
(Successors to Wright & Bridgeford.)
LOUISVILLE STOVE AND GRATE FOUNDRY,
Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Manufactory,
AND DEALERS IN
TIN PLATE, COPPER, BLOCK TIN, ZINC, WIRE, &c.,
Tinners' Tools and Machines,
West side of Sixth street, one door from Main, Louisville, Ky.
1e1 dtf

P. BANNON'S

Falls City Terra Cotta Works,
FIFTH STREET, NEAR WALNUT,
LOUISVILLE KY.

MANUFACTURER of all kinds of Ornaments for the exterior decoration of Buildings, such as Capitals for Columns, Window Caps, Brackets for Cornices, Doors, &c. Chimney Tops and Garden Vases, of every variety of design. STUCCO WORK—Center pieces, Running Ornaments, &c., of the latest and most modern style—always on exhibition at the Works. ☞ Circulars with references and prices list to be had on application. m27 dtf

DAVID LANE,
SHEET IRON WORKER,
NO. 280 MAIN STREET, NORTH SIDE, BETWEEN NINTH AND TENTH,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

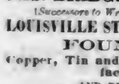
☞ All kinds of Steamboat Sheet Iron Work made to order. Sheathing done at shortest notice. All kind of repairing promptly attended to.
☞ GAS BUILDERS of all sizes made to order on reasonable terms. fe9 dly

VENITIAN BLIND FACTORY.

THIRD STREET, between Main and Market—Venitian Blinds of every size, color and price. Show Cases for Country Merchants, &c. Blinds repaired, and Blind Trimmings for sale. Established 1839.
lebly dtf BENJ. FLOOD.

CARRIAGES. CARRIAGES.
I. F STONE & CO.,
DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGES,

No. 280 Main street, near First, Louisville, Ky.



Would inform their customers and the public, that they have just received their assortment in very large and complete, consisting of—

Coaches,	Rockaways;
Brokes,	Buggies;
Six-seat Rockaways;	Top Buggies;
Four-seat do	Phaeton Buggies.

Also on hand, several SECOND HAND CARRIAGES. Make excellent HACKS to run to railroad depots or steamboat landings. Also SPRING WAGONS of every description, with and without tops, suitable for school carriages or farm purposes. All of which will be sold low for cash or short paper. no

LOUISVILLE DAILY COURIER

VOLUME 31. LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 15, 1860. NUMBER 223.

Miscellaneous.

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES!
LOUISIANA,
TENNESSEE,
SOUTH CAROLINA,
NORTH CAROLINA,
MISSOURI,
GEORGIA,
ALABAMA,
VIRGINIA.

WE WILL CLOSE OUR PRESENT STOCK OF WINTER CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS (to make room for our new importations), in small lots to suit purchasers, for Bills on the above Banks, at regular wholesale prices.
C. LICHTEN & CO.,
d: dlm Northwest corner Main and Fifth sts.

GREAT ADVERTISING MEDIUM!
THE DEMOCRATIC STAR,
Holly Springs, Miss.

PUBLISHED in the heart of a most productive cotton growing region, and having a large and increasing circulation in North Mississippi forms a most excellent medium through which city merchants can make known their business.
Holly Springs, where the STAR is published, is a central locality, being in direct communication by railroad with New Orleans, Mobile, Memphis, St. Louis, and Charleston, and the trade being immense. It is truly an object worthy of consideration.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	3 m.	6 m.	12 m.
One square	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two squares	9 00	12 00	18 00
Three squares	12 00	15 00	20 00
One-fourth column	15 00	20 00	30 00
One half	25 00	35 00	50 00
Three-fourths	40 00	55 00	70 00
One column	60 00	75 00	100 00

Advertisements from a distance accompanied with the cash. Address
S. L. WHITTINGTON,
d2 dlw Holly Springs, Miss.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
IN
BOOTS & SHOES!
HAVING A VERY LARGE STOCK WHICH THEY WISH TO REDUCE,
OWEN & WOOD
Have determined to offer their assortment of BOOTS and SHOES
Regardless of Cost!

Having a very extensive and well selected stock of Ladies', Misses', Children's, Men's, Boys' and Youths' BOOTS AND SHOES, and intending to strictly carry out our design, now is the time to supply yourselves at YOUR OWN PRICES.
FOR CASH ONLY!
And it will be only for a short time, it will be to your interest to
CALL SOON.
☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,
OWEN & WOOD,
d11 dtf Market street, one door above Third.

1860.
Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Company.
PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated - - - 1835.

The following STATEMENT of the Affairs of the Company, is published in conformity with a Provision of its Charter.

PREMIUMS

Received from Nov. 1, 1859, to October 31, 1860
On Marine and Inland Risks $548,825 96
On Fire Risks 118,858 78
$667,184 69
Premiums on Policies not mark'd off, Nov. 1, 1859 264 937 39
$751 222 08

PREMIUMS

Marked off as earned, from Nov. 1, 1859, to October 31, 1860.
On Marine and Inland Risks $454,987 19
On Fire Risks 116,212 51
Interest, Salvage, &c., during same period 58,302 65
$629,502 35

LOSSES, EXPENSES, &C.,
During the year as above.
Marine and Inland Navigation
Losses $200,025 00
Fire Losses 51,505 01
Return Premiums 42,296 00
Re-insurances 21,581 67
Agency Charges, &c. 20,050 29
Donations to Fire Companies, Advertising, Taxes, &c 11,097 71
Expenses, Salaries, Rent, &c 20,487 44
$368,175 35
SURPLUS 196,418 80
$564,594 15

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY,
November 1, 1860.

$100,000	United States Five per cent. Loan	$100,500 00
125,000	United States Six per cent. Treasury Notes (with accrued Interest)	129,468 24
100,000	Pennsylvania State Five per cent. Loan	90,970 00
21,000	Pennsylvania State Six per cent. Loan	21,945 00
128,050	Philadelphia City Six per cent. Loan	135,292 37
20,000	Tennessee State Five per cent. Loan	24,000 00
50,000	Pennsylvania Railroad 2d Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds	45,000 10
15,000	300 Shares Steel, Germantown Iron Company, Interest and Principal guaranteed by the City of Philadelphia	15,300 00
5,000	100 Shares Pennsylvania Railroad Company	3,000 00
5,000	100 Shares North Pennsylvania Railroad Company	900 00
1,200	8 shares Philadelphia Ice Boat and Steam Tug Company	1,200 00
200	2 Shares Philadelphia & Havre de Grace Steam Tow Boat Company	220 00
200	2 Shares Philadelphia Exchange Company	125 00
1,000	2 Shares Continental Hotel Co.	500 00

Par.	Cost.	Mark Val.
$966,200	$956,305 34	$954,595 42
Bills Receivable, for Insurances made		17,822 73
Bonds and Mortgages		34,300 00
Real Estate		61,501 35
Balances due at Agencies—Premiums on Marine Policies, Interest, and other debts due the Company		31,596 02
Scrip and Stock of sundry Insurance and other Companies		2,626 50
Cash on hand—In Banks	$28,673 16	
In Drawer	458 85	
		29,108 01
		$1,001,561 01

NOVEMBER 14, 1860.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Cash Dividend of TEN PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, and SIX PER CENT. Interest on the Scrip of this Company, payable after the 1st proximo. They have also declared a Scrip Dividend of TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. on the Earned Premiums for the year ending October 31, 1860, Certificates for which will be issued to the parties entitled to the same, on and after the first of December next.
☞ No certificates of profits issued under $25.

BY THE ACT INCORPORATING THIS COMPANY, the parties insuring property thereon are entitled to a share of the profits of the Institution, without subjecting themselves to any liability beyond the premium paid.
Inland insurances on Merchandize by Rivers, Canals, Lakes, and Land Carriage, to and from all parts of the United States. Also, on *Hulls* of Steamboats and Appurtenances navigating Western waters.
Fire Insurances on Merchandize generally, on Stores, Dwelling Houses, &c.

LOCAL DIRECTORS.
H. D. Newcomb, Chas. P. Benedict,
Arthur Peter. Chas. Duffield.

A. B. Semple.
JAMES E. TYLER & CO., Agents,
Office over the store of Hegan & Ecott, south side of Main street, between Fourth and Fifth sts.
dl3 d12 1mip

JAPANESE SOAP!
JOHN F. GUNKEL & CO.'S
Detersive and Erasive
SOAP!
LOUISVILLE KENTUCKY

WE OFFER this SOAP to the public with the full assurance that, if the directions given are carried out, it will save TIME, LABOR and MONEY. All we ask is a fair trial; then let it stand upon its own merits. Among other advantages of this over other Washing Soaps, the following may be mentioned:
1. This Soap is warranted not to injure the fabric.
2. But one half the time and labor will be required to do a washing by using this Soap in preference to any other.
3. The clothes need but little rubbing, and in most cases no boiling.
4. For washing hands it is greatly superior to any common Soap, as it does not chap, but has a tendency to soften the skin.
5. It cannot be surpassed for removing Ink, Tar and Grease Spots, also for cleaning Paints
6. The superiority of this Soap consists in its not containing any excess of alkalies, and the materials used rendering it more mild than any other known Washing Soap.
7. It (undoubtedly the best Family Soap extant, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or the money will be refunded.
All orders sent to the undersigned through the Post-office, or given on wagons, will meet with prompt attention
m28 dlf JNO. F. GUNKEL & CO.

COAL. COAL.
PITTSBURG.
POMEROY.
SYRACUSE.
COAL. COAL.

Of the best quality and at the lowest prices. For sale by CRITTENDEN & GANTT,
west side Third street, bet. Main and Market.
my2 dtf

IRISH AND SCOTCH WHISKY, JAMAICA RUM.
New England and St. Croix Rum—
3 puncheons "Mehana" Irish Whisky,
2 do Scotch do;
3 do Jamaica Rum;
4 do New England Rum,
2 do St. Croix do;
In store and for sale by
ANTHONY ZANONE & SON, Fifth street, below Main.

BOURBON WHISKY—
100 bbls. made by Porch—copper stilled;
126 do do Talbot—copper stilled;
20 do do Jamison— do;
20 do 2 years old, do do;
20 do 5 do, do do;
For sale by [63] J. MONSE.

RAISINS.
200 boxes Layer Raisins;
60 ½ do do do;
200 ¼ do do do;
60 boxes MR do;
100 ½ do MR do;
In store and for sale by
m7 TYLER & MARTIN.

HOT PUNCHES—
4 puncheons fine Irish Whisky;
1 do do Jamaica Rum;
1 do do Batavia Arrack;
Just received for winter use and for sale by
J. H. SCHREIBER & SON,
n5 28 Wall street.

COAL! COAL!

I HAVE for sale, at all times, by the barge and at retail, and at the lowest market price, best quality PITTSBURG COAL. Also, BEACH BOTTOM COAL at much lower rates.
J. N. KELLOGG, Agent,
ap14 dtf Third street, near corner of Main.

Official.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Louisville Postoffice on Dec 10th, 1860, and which, if not called for within three months, will be sent to the Department as dead letters.

Ordered to be advertised in the LOUISVILLE COURIER, *agreeable to the following section of the New Postoffice Law, as the Newspaper proved to have by far the largest circulation of any daily paper published in Louisville:*

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the list of letters remaining uncalled for in any Postoffice in any city town or village where said newspaper shall be printed, shall hereafter be published once only in the newspaper, which being issued weekly, or oftener, *shall have the largest circulation* within the range of delivery of said office, to be decided by the postmaster at such office.

[Next Postoffice Law, passed March 2d, 1861.]

LADIES' LIST.

APPLEGATE Miss M
Able Margaret
Archer Miss Ella
BULL Mrs Mary
Blanchett Miss Louisa
Brewster Miss Jane
Baldock Mrs Jane
Bird Mrs John H
Ball Mrs K B
Burns Miss Lizzie
Bannon Mrs Emma J
Baily Mrs
Baker Mrs Clarissa
Brawner Miss Jennie
Bush Henrietta
CARIGO Mrs Mary
Casey Mrs Jane
Conlean Miss Ellen
Carpenter Miss Rhoda
Collins Miss Sarah
DORSY Mrs J B
Donegege Mrs Vic
Darcey Annie
Dunlap Elizabeth
Davis Miss Addie
Davis Miss Kate W
Donilson Mrs
Dunnan Miss Mary
ELLIS Miss Kate
Emert Miss Annie M
FOLLY Mrs Frank
Fuller Mrs J T
Francois Mrs Callie
GUTHROS Mrs M A
Gorman Mrs Mary A
Gupton Miss Emma J
Gray Mrs Martha
HEWES Mrs Adaline
Hoffinger Miss L R
Howard Mrs Ellen
Huddlestone Mrs J F
Henlott sue
Jarvis Mrs Harriett
Jarvis Mrs Susan A
KING Mrs Charlotte
King Miss Ellen E
Kirk Mrs Jane E
LEWIS Miss Ada
Lane Mrs Evaline
Laughlin Mi Sanilla
Lee Mrs Sophia
MURPHY Miss Mattie
Miller Mrs Harriett
Moore Mrs Michael
Moore Miss Fannie
Mayhew Miss Eliza
Murphy Catharine
McGee Miss Martha
McGarey Mary
McDowell Miss Harriet
McCrocklin Miss Annie
NEENAN Ellen
Newell Mrs Lydia A
OVERTON Mrs Marell
PRYOR Mrs Mary
Pull am Miss Eva
QUIRET Miss Ida B
ROBB Nancy
Rollope Mrs Clarissa
Roberts Miss Genrrose
Robbins Mrs Margaret F
Robinson Miss F
SAWYER Miss A
Setepney Mrs Alex
Simmins Cordilla
Strader Miss Emma
Sake Miss Emma
Stansifer Mrs Sarah
Sheppard Miss Belle
Smallwood Louisa Ann
Stoal Miss Lafayette
Snow Mrs Mary
SMITH Mrs Louisa
Smith Mrs Lucitia
TEVIS Mrs Eliza
VANCE Mrs Nancy
WOOL Mrs Sarah Ann
Weidel Mrs Nancy
Woodmad Miss A J
War Mrs Amanda
Warfield Kitty (col)
Wilson Mrs Wealtha
Walker Mrs Laura H
YOUNG Mrs Lucretia (col)
ZUMER Miss Zulelka

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

ADERSON B S
Atkins Geo
Abell John L
Anisebrook Charles R
BARRON A B
Bowden A J
Bronner Sir
Brook Benjamin
Burns Patrick
Bunn B B
Bone E J
Beaty Robert
Baker Samuel B
Berry George
Bullen Thos H
Bishop H S
Bellis H O
Barnes J P
Burlington Jas T R
Burbuzance J S
Brown William
Barnes W C & Co
Beard Wm H
Bartlett Milton
Brown E L
Combs Abel
Caser Benjamin
Curtis T M
Carey C W & Co
Cornell George
Cogan Henry
Carr Jo M
Coalman James
Carey J W
Canfield H J
Cantz W A
Childress Wm
Cammarar Michael
DALLY Dr
Double H F
Dunham P H
Dent T D
Drury R
Dunlap John M
Dufford Wm H
EDWARDS & Cook
Elder George A
Ellis Wm H
FARRAR NATHAN 3
Ford S B
Frary George M
Fahy John
Forsythe Joseph
Fish L B
Francis Wm
GAMBLE A
Goodwin Aucen
Gandy Isaac M
Godfrey John H
Gonska Lewis A 3
Green Wilson J
HATHAWAY Adam E
Hite Oliver Alonza
Hibb & Porter
Hinton Alexander
Haverman D L
Hyres & Co
Henry S E
Hardesty Thomas
Hardin Henry
Hawkes John
Hamilton James S
Hartzell Henry
Hookley John
Hoyle Joseph
Hess Wm 2
Howard Marrell P
INGRAHAM John Wesley
JEFFRIES Stephen
Johnson Henry
Jose John C
Johnson Martin
KEITH Albert M
Kinner Charles
Kasler D
Klinkler R M
Kelley G W
Kelly James
LINZELL Chas G
LaRue B C
Lepage Geo
Locker James
Londers Wm
Lonsdale Capt W P
MAPLE A B
Mullen Owen
Mather D E
Morrison Richard
Marshall Geo S
Mathes Uriah
Metsell Henry
Marshall S
May John
Maloney John
Miller Louis
Miller Wm
Murry M J
MCSWENY Dan'l
McGuire G S
McGraw Hugh
McMullen John
McKay W D
NASS Thos
Noland Joseph
OWEN Jas
O'Donnell Michael
PAIN Geo
Pearce Chas C
Prevell Benj G
Peeler N B
Phipps & Edwards
Proctor Joseph
Pesson Ludlow
QUILTY James
RUSS John E
Reese Louis
Riddell Wm
Rees Wm
Rumsey R C
Russell Geo
Ricketts J E
Rankin Asa
SULLIVAN John
Spencer Jas
Schling John G
Shreves John M
Stewart Henry
Smith
Scull Frank W
Shantz Chas
Seleo Alonzo
Smith Sam T
Smith Felicia E
Smith & Collins
Stigall Milton
Scott Walter
Sorrel W A
Threefoot Luke
Insed John
TANNER W R
Thompson John
Trulove Geo
Thomas Chas
Tripp & Hale
Talmage & Johnston
VANDERSON R 2
WILLIAMS W P
Wentzell Wm
Wastel Mr
Williamson John B
Wilson Br John Howard
Wilcox Thos W
Ward Chas C
Wallace Alexander
Whitlow Miss Mildred A
Williams Miss Sophia
Williams Miss Ann E
Woodronclif Catharine
Weller Mrs Sarah B
Waterman Mrs Lottlo
Wright Mrs S

MISCELLANEOUS.

Calliope Saloon
INITIALS.
S P P
FRENCH.
Mons Charles Gaupen
ITALIAN.
Signor Adviano Larrevi

☞ Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "advertised."
F. S. J. RONALD, Postmaster.
d1

MOLASSES.—20 bbls prime Plantation Molasses just received per steamer Atlantic and for sale by
n24 COOD & MOODY.

DAILY COURIER.

LOUISVILLE:
SATURDAY MORNING.....DEC. 15.

☞ For the Latest Telegraph Dispatches, River and Steamboat News, Commercial Matters, &c., see Fourth Page.

Departure of Trains.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY AND CHICAGO—10:00 A. M.; 10.15 P. M.
JEFFERSONVILLE AND INDIANAPOLIS—6 A. M.; 2:50 P. M.; 9:30 P. M.
LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE—7:45 A. M.; 7.00 P. M.. Lebanon Branch—7:15 A. M.; 2.15 P. M.
LOUISVILLE, FRANKFORT AND LEXINGTON—6:00 A. M.; 2:10 P. M. Lagrange Accommodation—3:50 P. M.

Arrival of Trains.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY AND CHICAGO—7:30 A. M.; 8:30 P. M.
JEFFERSONVILLE AND INDIANAPOLIS—6:35 A. M.; 2:20 P. M.; 9 P. M.
LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE—11:45 P. M.; 11:45 A. M. Lebanon Branch—10:35 A. M.; 5:07 P. M.
LOUISVILLE, FRANKFORT AND LEXINGTON—11:20 A. M.; 6:30 P. M. Lagrange Accommodation—8:55 A. M.

Only Fifty Cents a Month.

Persons in the country who wish the earliest news these stirring times, can have the DAILY COURIER sent to their address, for any time desired, at the rate of fifty cents per month.

THE HAVEN OF RUNAWAYS.—A girl, aged about 14 years, was united in the bonds of matrimony to the man of her choice a day or two since, at the Gathright House, in this city. It was a runaway match, and the parties eloped from Indiana. The manner in which they evaded the law is rather curious, and yet, we are told, that it was done. The law of Kentucky requires the woman to have arrived at the age of twenty-one years, or have the consent of her parents or guardian. This girl chose a guardian—a gentleman of this city kindly consenting to act in that capacity. He gave his consent, and thus license was legally obtained, and they were married. As the sympathies of mankind are with young persons who want to put their heads in the marriage noose, it is easy to get a guardian for any girl who elopes. This being the case, Louisville will probably become the Gretna Green for our sister States.

THEATRE.—There was a very large and fashionable audience at the theatre last night, the occasion being the benefit of Miss Caroline Richings. So many of our music-loving theatre going people were present, that we predict the remainder of her engagement will be highly successful. Miss Richings has only to be seen and heard once to make a lasting impression upon a cultivated and refined audience. The music of the "Skylark" and "Happy Moments," was rendered in the highest style of art.

To-night the long expected operatic and dramatic spectacle will be produced, with entirely new and beautiful costumes, new scenery, decorations, &c., and with a strong and excellent chorus the company being assisted by some of our best professional and amateur singers. We anticipate for it a great success, as anything in the shape of a spectacle has become a novelty here. It has been in careful preparation for a long time, and from the manner in which every piece has been put upon the stage during the present season, we have every assurance that nothing will be wanting in the *mise en scene* of the "Enchantress," to render it worthy of the most liberal patronage on the part of the public.

ATTEMPTING TO RUN OFF SLAVES.—H. Walker, of the police, arrested, yesterday, a German who gives his name as William Flagan, for attempting to run off Ben, a slave of Mr. Hinkle, and a negro woman belonging to a Mr. Bibb, of Frankfort. It appears that he had been tampering with these slaves for some time, and on Wednesday they consented to run off with him.—So he purchased tickets with the intention of starting them on the early train for Indianapolis, but upon arriving at the ferry yesterday, the conductor refused to let the negroes cross, so they had to return to their homes. Officer Walker, hearing of the above events, got a description of Flagan, and captured him on Main street yesterday evening.

A CONFLAGRATION.—Loss $40,000.—A destructive fire occurred yesterday morning, about 2 o'clock, in the lumber yard of D. Lavielle, on Chestnut street, between Preston and Jackson. The entire stock of lumber and a cottage adjoining, which was occupied by Wm. Lavielle, was destroyed. A new building, on the corner of Preston and Chestnut, was also damaged to the amount of $1,200. The entire loss is nearly $40,000, the proprietor having on hand a very large supply of choice lumber—There was $10,000 insurance, divided between two Louisville agencies. The conflagration owes its origin to an incendiary.

VAGRANCY.—In the Police Court yesterday morning, Geo. Ott, an old, feeble, and sickly man, was presented on the charge of vagrancy. He had scarcely any clothes on his back, and looked as if he was almost froze, and upon the showing of the most miserable pictures that it has been our lot to look on for sometime. The Judge did not bind him over, but gave him the privilege to go free, but he preferred going to the Workhouse, and he was granted his wish, with the privilege of leaving when he got tired.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—Yesterday morning officer Seay received information that one Thos. Gallagher had passed a counterfeit five dollar bill on a man named Zorn, and he started in pursuit of Gallagher, and succeeded in arresting him this morning, on Main street, above Preston, at a ball alley kept by a man who goes under the cognomen of Jack Shepherd. The only money Gallagher had in his possession when arrested was a five dollar counterfeit bill on the State Bank of Ohio.

VAGABONDS.—Charles and Dave Myers, and Joe Lewis (f. m. c.), and Jennie Small, an abandoned white woman, were sent to the workhouse yesterday, as vagrants, by Judge Johnston. They were all witnesses in the case of the negro, Caution, who is to be sentenced to-day to be hung. Dave and Charles Myers have been free for many years, having been manumitted by the father of James G. Birney, the noted Abolitionist.

LAST DAY AND NIGHT OF HAMBUJER, THE WIZARD.—Mr Hmbujer will give his last exhibitions this afternoon and to-night, in Masonic Temple. The pupils of city schools will attend this afternoon, as well as many ladies and children. The exhibition of to-night then will close his very clever entertainments in this city.

☞ We know our readers will thank us when we assure them they certainly can save money by calling at Owen & Wood's for boots and shoes. They have a very large stock, and in order to realize the money, will sell at cost. Such an opportunity does not come every day.

☞ There were few real estate transfers, and fewer marriages in our city in the past week. The fact is, we have no money to buy real estate—and the young man who perpetrates matrimony in those times of panic, is fitter for the lunatic asylum than for the bridal chamber.

TO BE SENTENCED.—The slave, Dave Caution, will be sentenced to-day by Judge Muir.

See McCarrell's advertisement.

☞ See Bland's advertisement. Money loaned on diamonds, &c. Office on Market street, between Third and Fourth.

☞ George W. Seward, the deaf and dumb man who has circulated about here, is in the St. Louis jail for stealing.

☞ Best place to buy jewelry, at Hirschbuhl & Dolfinger's.

A COLD SNAP.—Yesterday and last night the weather turned very cold.

☞ Jewelry at cost, at Hirschbuhl & Dolfinger's.

Diamond Cut Diamond.

In Baltimore, just after the Democratic Convention, a Bell-Douglas Louisvillian, noted for his betting propensities, wagered a thousand dollars with a North Carolinian that Bell would receive the electoral vote of Virginia. The gentlemen drew their checks for the amount and deposited them in the hands of a third party, a resident of Philadelphia.

A week after the election, it was deemed a sure thing that Breckinridge had carried the State. The Louisvillian thereupon, in this belief, wrote to the North Carolinian that it would greatly inconvenience him to pay the money forthwith, and asked him to hold up the check for a short time. This reached the North Carolinian when Virginia was reported "dead sure" for Bell. He thereupon writes to the stakeholder to return him his check, as he wasn't willing to risk his money against the check of a man who couldn't "come to time." The stakeholder advises the Kentuckian of the demand; the latter, however, believing from the "latest news" that he had won, won't concur, but writes the het must stand, and the North Carolinian is informed of his conclusion. This letter reaches him when it is announced that six Breckinridge electors were chosen. North Carolina believes he has the "dead wood" on the Kentuckian, and promptly sends a messenger to the stakeholder for the checks. He arrives, and acquaints the man who holds the checks of his business. But, presto change!—the latter points out the latest telegraphic news in the morning papers, stating that the Breckinridge electors refuse to serve, and that Bell "receives the electoral vote of Virginia!" Isn't that diamond cut diamond?

Railroad Appraisement.

We learn from the Lafayette Courier that the County Auditors on the line of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Railroad met at Greencastle recently to consider the oppressive and illegal appraisement of this road. Mr. Noble, agent of the bondholders, made a statement under oath in relation to the condition of the road. From this statement we learn that since the completion of the road and up to the time it was transferred to the bondholders by a decree of the Federal Court, two years ago, it had not paid its running expenses, and was in debt on this account in the sum of $200,000. The bondholders had at that time determined to abandon the road and sell the iron and rolling stock of the road, but were subsequently prevailed upon to negotiate a loan sufficient to pay off the debts, and start anew. A new era dawned upon the enterprise. Under the judicious management of Mr. Noble, and the energetic co-operation of Col. Ricker and his efficient aids on the line of the road, the interest upon the road has been promptly paid, and $35,000 of the principal liquidated.

The recent assessment at $3000 per mile, based in some measure upon the fictitious value of stocks wiped out in the foreclosure of the bondholders, was so manifestly unjust that the Auditors unanimously assented to an appraisement approximating in some degree to the real property value in the road. The appraisement was fixed at $750 per mile.

The Way They Do in Memphis.

On the 1st inst., a Troy, N. Y., paper published a private letter from a gentleman in Memphis to his friend in the former city, full of Black Republican calumnies on the people of the South and particularly on the city of his residence, and announcing his intention, in the event of difficulties assuming a more fearful form, of going North and taking up arms against the South. The letter was republished in Memphis on the 12th, and the citizens of that place took the matter in hand. The letter was published without the name of the writer; but references it contained to his business enabled those whom he had so ungratefully calumniated to trace it home; and we learn, from a gentleman just from Memphis by railroad, that when he left, one Thompson, a bookseller, was being treated to a ride on a rail by way of a hint that he was not wanted in that city.

About the same time, a steamboat pilot, hailing from Pittsburg, was arrested, taken before the proper authorities, and fined $50 for tampering with slaves.

Patent Office Report—Agriculture.

We acknowledge with much pleasure the receipt, from Senator POWELL, of a copy of the Agricultural volume of the Patent Office Report for the year 1859. It is an octavo of 600 pages; and, judging it after the attentive perusal of a large part of its contents, and the cursory examination of the rest, we confidently pronounce it the most interesting and useful book, in its department, that has for many years, if not at any time, been published under the auspices of the General Government.—Congress acted wisely in restricting its size to six hundred pages, and the head of the Agricultural Bureau of the Patent Office has exhibited great intelligence and industry in culling its contents and preparing them for the press.

Our agricultural friends throughout the State should at once write to their Representatives in Congress for copies of the work. Three hundred thousand copies of it were ordered to be printed for distribution.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS—PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.—We have received 150 pieces of plain and fancy Dress Silks that we will offer 25 per cent. less than the cost of importation; 200 pieces Figured DeLaines, at 12½ cents; 100 pieces French Merino, (all wool,) from 65 cents to $1 00; 50 pieces Valours, at 45 cents; 40,000 yards Prints, at 6¼, 7, and 8 cents, madder colors. Our stock of Cloaks, Shawls, Cloaking, Cloths, &c., are selling at reduced prices. Our stock of goods is the largest and cheapest ever offered in the West. We are selling off our Carpets, Oilcloths, Window Shades, Lace and Damask Curtain Goods, at less prices than they can be had at any other house in the city. Customers will consult their interest by giving us a call. S. BARKER & CO.,
New York Store, 317 Fourth St.,
dec10 Louisville.

PROGRESS OF SECESSION.—It appears that the Legislature of Florida has not only called a Convention, but has

Business Notices.

DRAWINGS OF THE
Shelby College Lottery of Kentucky.
H. FRANCK, CONTRACTOR AND MANAGER.
CLASS 48S, December 10th, 1860:
16 62 45 19 55 29 5 11 66 75 50 72 31 2
CLASS 50?, December 14th, 1860:
40 41 58 10 64 44 10 66 6 50 76 32 15 37 72
A. D. ELLIS Agent.
No. 234 Main street (old No. 500) Louisville, Ky.

MOORE'S FORTUNE'S HOME. — Fifth street, between Main and Market—near Main—where can be had tickets, shares, and managers' certificates, in the popular Shelby College Lottery of Kentucky. City and country purchasers take due notice of the same. All communication by mail, handed, or other wise, will receive prompt attention. Address G. J. MOORE, Louisville. jan2 dly Apr15 tf

MONEY LOANED.—Ladies or gentlemen requiring loans of any amount on Diamonds, Plate, etc., can be accommodated by applying at the Exchange Office, 457 Market street, between Third and Fourth, north side, five doors above Fourth. Tickets in the Shelby College and Havana plan Lotteries for sale, or forwarded to any address. Prizes cashed. Office private. Business prompt, honorable, and strictly confidential. A. BLAND. sep9 dtf

MONEY LOANED.—Ladies and gentlemen requiring loans of any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, &c., can be accommodated at the Exchange Office, No. 88 Third street, between Market and Jefferson.

☞ Business prompt, honorable, and strictly confidential. JAMES MENDEL. jeb6 dly

FURNITURE.—Wharton & Bennett keep always on hand a very large assortment of cabinet furniture of every description at wholesale and retail, cheap for cash. Their motto is quick sales and small profits. Recollect the Nos. 502 and 504, Market street, between Second and Third.

NEW GOODS.—Gazzolo & Brothers are receiving their second importation of Dry Goods, bought since the decline, which enables them to sell at prices much lower than usual rates. Rept Valours in all colors. French and Irish Poplins, all grades new prints, Merinoes, Black Poplins and Mourning Goods. Evening Silks. Hosiery, &c.

This is a rare chance for choice goods at very low prices. nov5

REDUCTION IN FANCY DRESS GOODS.—Martin & Drumbaugh, 204 Fourth street, will offer from this date until the receipt of their spring importations, their entire stock of fancy dress goods at a large reduction on early prices, comprising Rich Fancy Dress Silks, Brocade and Embroidered Poplins, real Irish Poplins, Rich Printed Delaines and Merinoes, Rept Merinoes, Plain French and Satin Face Merinoes, Long and Square Shawls in great variety, Plain and Embroidered Velvet Mantles, together with many other descriptions of goods. They are just in receipt of a large stock of the choicest brands of Bleached Sheetings, Irish Linens, Shirt Fronts, Bleached and Brown Flannels, 10-4 Bleached and Brown Sheetings, Super Bed Ticks, and Grab Bleached Cotton. Also, Saxony, Ballardvale, and Shaker Flannels, which they are selling at their usual low prices. dec1

TO THE LADIES!

LATE ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS
BY EXPRESS THIS MORNING.

G. B. TARR corner Fourth and Market streets, received this morning—
FANCY DRESS SILKS; VELOURS;
IRISH POPLINS; EVENING SILKS;
LYONS DE GRAMANS, REPT MERINOS;
ELEGANT VELVET CLOAKS;
SACK AND CLOTH CLOAKS.
Embracing a variety of new and desirable articles. For cash and the best styles. Call early.
G. B. TARR,
Corner of Fourth and Market streets.
nl4 tf

McLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL.—This invaluable compound, we are glad to know, has become the most popular remedy in the United States. Nearly every family keeps it on hand. They find it saves physicians' bills. A small quantity given in season will ward off Fevers, or any prevalent disease. See the advertisement in another column. dec1 dtm

DAILY COURIER

LOUISVILLE,

SATURDAY MORNING ..... DEC. 15.

REMOVAL.

The COURIER office has been removed to the new buildings erected especially for our use, on the south side of Green street, below Third, next to the Custom House and Post Office, and nearly opposite the Journal office.

The Beginning of the End.

The manifesto of a number of Southern Senators and Representatives in Congress, which appears this morning in our telegraphic columns, was not needed to convince those who have dared to look the facts of recent occurrence full in the face, that in a few weeks at most the American Union as at present constituted will be at an end. But like a "fire bell at night," it will startle from their fatal slumbers that portion of our fellow-citizens who have been blinded to the inevitable tendencies of the times by their wishes or their fears; and now, when *it is too late*, thousands of men who have put their trust in demagogues, and been deceived by them, will realize the nature and extent of the catastrophe which no human power can now avert or postpone for one hour.

The gentlemen who have signed, and others who will yet sign, the address of the Southern members of Congress, are but recently from among the people, and are familiar with the intentions and wishes of their constituents: their action indicates the course which their respective States will pursue. *By Wednesday next at the autumn, the Convention of the State of South Carolina will have passed the ordinance of Secession.*' IN THIRTY DAYS FROM THAT TIME FOUR OR FIVE OTHER STATES WILL FOLLOW HER EXAMPLE.'

These events will be done, not by politicians, but by the people in spite of the efforts of politicians. The true sovereigns have risen in their might, and proclaimed their will in thunder tones: and political leaders have but obeyed what to resist was death.

A large portion of the people of Kentucky, deeply and vitally interested as they are, have been deceived by party leaders, and more in regard to the character, than to the objects and extent, of the Southern movement. They have been led to disregard the indications of inevitable disunion, because they were told that, on the one hand, the free States would deal justly and fairly by the minority section, and purposed nothing more, and on the other, that the great body of the people of the slave States were content to be deprived of their equal rights in the Union and descend to the position of dependents, the complaints from that section being but the harmless ebullitions of disappointed and characterless political managers! They have been instructed to some extent to regard their own fellow-citizens who told them the whole truth with distrust—to look upon them as "traitors" worthy of death on the gibbet. While something might have been done to bring back the aggressors to the Constitution which they have persistently violated, in the face of their own oaths to support it—while something might have been done to avert or at least postpone the evil day, a majority of our fellow-citizens were blind to the fearful dangers upon which they were rushing;—and now "The golden bowl is broken." The day is fixed. We cannot fly from it, if we would. We must face the fearful issue like men, plucking safety from the battle-anger, or wantonly and madly and cowardly drift with the current to destruction.

People of Kentucky! a disruption of the Union cannot now be prevented. It cannot be delayed one day or one hour.—We may differ as to the causes of this inevitable fact, we may differ as to the precise point of the course of those States that are moving, we may and must regret the necessity that compels us to action, we cannot be blind to that necessity. Our wishes will not—can not now. We must, in view of what we cannot prevent, determine our own future. For evil or woe, for life or death, we must act in some manner the destiny which we can no longer shut our eyes. What shall we do, and when? and how? Upon the answer, the future of our glorious old Commonwealth depends. If only one only speak through her Legislature or a State convention. Both may be necessary. At any rate, we think the immediate calling, now so near upon us, make it the duty of the Governor to convene the Legislature at the earliest practicable day. Upon that body will devolve the responsibility of taking or initiating such action as the peace, well-being, and safety of the State may make necessary.

[For the Louisville Courier.]

Gov. Magoffin on Secession.

There are some points in Governor Magoffin's letter to the Frankfort Yeoman which have not yet been noticed or controverted, but are too important to let pass. While approving his main positions and the general tone of his letter, it is not proper to let it rest upon false or unsound arguments. The substance is contained in the following extract:

"Mr. Lincoln has been elected according to all the forms of law under that Constitution which we revere and regard as the depository of our rights and the shield of our safety; and notwithstanding his threats and the danger of carrying out his principles, *he may not do it.* We must wait for an overt act looking that truth and reason and justice, embodied in a clear and impartial delineation of our rights as under the Constitution, as expounded by the Supreme Court of the United States, will yet prevent it. A madman or a bad man may stand in the highway adjoining my premises, and he may threaten to burn my house or rob me of my property, and yet I may treat him as a blusterer, who would not execute the threat. When he makes the attempt—when he actually crosses my fence and advances upon my property to execute the threat—then will it be time enough, and then will I be justified in shooting down the villain."

To this there are two pregnant objections:

1st. That while the election of Lincoln is constitutional in form, it is for an unconstitutional purpose, and thus subverts the principles of the government.

2d. That the "madman or bad man" who is threatening us, *is not in the highway, but in the family*, and about to assume control of it. The question is, shall he have it?

It is not necessary to elaborate these propositions. The force of both are obvious on the mere statement. There may be good reasons to sustain the position of Gov. Magoffin; but if so, he has not given them. In fact, they are fatally conclusive the other way, to the mind of a

FIRE EATER.

☞ The Journal, utterly unable to answer the "facts, and arguments, and appeals" of the letter of the Hon. THOMAS F. MARSHALL, recently published in this paper, attempts to disparage them by attacking the consistency of Mr. MARSHALL himself. As the letter is clearly entitled to all the weight due its "facts and arguments," and the production of no man however great or good is entitled to more, we need enter on no defense of the brilliant author of this elaborate and able production.—The Journal itself, if we mistake not, has been quite as inconsistent as Mr. MARSHALL: but its inconsistency detracts nothing, and should detract nothing, from the weight of its "arguments and facts," if, indeed, it deals in such at all.

As we said in an introductory reference to the letter of Mr. MARSHALL, we differ from some of the positions he assumes, but it is as the Journal justly says, "like all the productions of its author," "brilliant" and "able," and we are sure its extensive circulation at this time will result in good. We earnestly advise our friends in the State to give it as much publicity as possible.

☞ The Journal says the "amenities of the prize ring are getting in vogue with politicians," and in that connection compares a reported interview between two distinguished American statesmen to the meeting of two prize-fighters before coming "to the scratch." What kind of "amenities" does the Journal practice towards political opponents?

☞ Politics makes strange bedfellows. The Journal quotes freely from the writings of ANDREW JACKSON and the letters of AMOS KENDALL. How long has the Journal regarded JACKSON as a patriot, or believed that KENDALL is a statesman?

Letter of Secretary Cobb to the People of Georgia.

Hon. HOWELL COBB, who has just resigned the position of Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, has addressed a long letter to the people of Georgia, from which we find the following extracts in the New York Herald:

He says:

Can there be a doubt in any intelligent mind that the object which the Black Republican party has in view is the ultimate extinction of slavery in the United States? To doubt it is to cast the imputation of hypocrisy and imbecility upon the majority of the people of every Northern State who have stood by this party, through all its trials and struggles, to its ultimate triumph in the election of Lincoln. I am sure that no one can entertain for them individually or collectively less personal respect than I do, and yet I do give them credit for more sincerity than is consistent with the idea that in obtaining power they will refuse to exercise it for the only purpose for which they professed to seek it. I do believe that with all their meanness and duplicity, they do hate slavery and slaveholders quite as much as they say they do, and that nearly all are addressed to their hearts or judgments in behalf of the constitutional rights of the South would receive the slightest consideration. What might be effectual to appeal to their fears and cupidity, I will not now stop to discuss.

In the nomination of Mr. Lincoln for the Presidency, the Black Republicans gave still more pointed evidence of their views and feelings on the subject of slavery. Lincoln had neither the record nor the reputation of a Statesman. Holding sentiments even more odious than those of Seward, he was indebted to the comparative obscurity of his position for a triumph over his better known competitors. By the boldness and ability with which Mr. Seward has advocated the doctrines of the "higher law" and the "irrepressible conflict," he had contributed to the public a character so infamous that even the Black Republicans would not hazard the use of his name. To find a candidate of the same principles and less notoriety was the great work to be performed by the Chicago Convention. That great work has signally discharged in the selection and nomination of Mr. Lincoln.

Again, he says:

I know that there are those who say and believe that this party is incapable of exercising the power it has obtained without breaking to pieces, and they look confidently to its overthrow as an early period. It may be that a cool philosopher, looking at a safe distance from the scene of danger, may reason plausibly upon the chances of overthrowing a party so utterly unworthy of public confidence, but men looking to the North and not beyond it, and fathers and husbands anxious for the safety of their families, require some stronger guarantee than the feeble assurance of partisan speculations to quiet their apprehensions and allay their fears. This may be the case, but unfortunately for the future peace and security of the South, the causes which may lead to its dissolution and defeat arise outside of the slavery question. So far from the question of slavery leading to such a result, it is the only subject upon which the party thoroughly harmonizes. Hostility to slavery is the magic word which holds them together, and when torn to pieces by other dissensions, hatred to the South and her institutions swallows up all other passions, and restores harmony to their distracted councils. This policy has been left to mere conjecture. The history of the party in the ten nullifying States affords practical proof of the fact. In which of these States did the Black Republican party become powerful in the exercise of their acts repealing the Fugitive Slave Law and nullifying the Constitution of the United States? So far from their anti-slavery legislation being an element of weakness, it has proven in all these States the Shibboleth of their strength.

He closes as follows:

The facts and considerations which I have endeavored to bring to your view present the propriety of resistance on the part of the South to the election of Lincoln in a very different light from the mere question of resisting the election of a President who has been chosen in the usual and constitutional mode. It is not simply that a comparatively obscure abolitionist who hates the institutions of the South has been elected President, and that we are asked to live under the administration of a man who commands neither our respect nor confidence, that the South contemplates resistance even to disunion. Wounded honor might tolerate the outrage until by another vote of the people the nuisance could be abated; but the election of Mr. Lincoln involves far higher considerations. It brings to the South the sudden judgment of a majority of the people of every Northern State, with a solitary exception, in favor of doctrines and principles subversive of her constitutional rights, humiliating to her pride, destructive of her equality in the Union, and fraught with the greatest danger to the peace and safety of her people. It can be regarded in no other light than a declaration of the purpose and intentions of the people of the North to continue, with the power of the Federal Government, the war already commenced by the ten nullifying States of the North upon the institution of slavery and the Constitutional rights of the South. To these acts of bad faith the South has heretofore submitted, though constituting ample justification for abandoning a compact which had been wantonly violated. The question is now presented, whether further submission to an increasing spirit and power of aggression is compatible either with her honor or safety. In my mind there is no room for doubt. The issue must now be met or forever abandoned. Equality and safety in the Union are at an end, and it only remains to be seen whether our manhood is equal to the task of asserting and maintaining independence out of it. The Union formed by our fathers was one of equality, justice, and fraternity. On the 4th of March it will be supplanted by a Union of sectionalism and hatred. The one was worthy of the support and devotion of freemen, the other can only continue at the cost of your honor, your safety, and your independence. Is there no remedy for this state of things but immediate secession? None worthy of your consideration has been suggested, except the recommendation of Mr. Buchanan, of new constitutional guarantees, or rather the clear and explicit recognition of those that already exist. This recommendation is the counsel of a patriotic statesman. It exhibits an appreciation of the evils that are upon us, and at the same time a devotion to the Constitution and its sacred guarantees. It conforms to the record of Mr. Buchanan's life on this distressing question—the record of a pure heart and upright head. It is the language of a man whose heart is overwhelmed with a sense of the great wrong and injustice that has been done to the minority section, mingled with anarchist house and desire to preserve that Union to which he has devoted the energies of a long and patriotic life. The difficulty is that there will be no reception to it from those who alone have it in their power to act. Black Republicanism is the ruling sentiment at the North, and by the election of Lincoln has pronounced in the most formal and solemn manner against the principles which are now contended for by the country for its safety and preservation. As a matter of course they will spurn all these words of wisdom and patriotism, as they have before turned their back upon all the teachings of the good and true men of the land, or else they will play with us in their insidious warfare to divide the South into a false security, that they may the more effectually rivet their iron chains, and therefore less resistance in the future to avoid our power. They have trampled upon the Constitution of Washington and Madison, and will prove equally faithless to their pledges. You ought not, cannot trust them. It is not the Constitution and laws of the United States which need amendment, but the hearts of the Northern people. To effect the first would be a hopeless undertaking, whilst the latter is an impossibility. If the appeal of the President was made to brethren of the two sections of the country, we might hope for a different response. Unfortunately, however, Black Republicanism has buried brotherhood in the same grave with the Constitution. We are no longer brethren dwelling together in unity. The ruling spirits of the North are Black Republicans, and between them and the people of the South there is no other feeling than that of bitter and intense hatred. Aliens in heart, no power on earth can keep them united. Nothing now holds us together but the cold formalities of a broken and violated Constitution. Heaven has pronounced the decree of divorce, and it will be accepted by the South as the only solution which gives to her any promise of future peace and safety. To part with our friends at the North who have been true and faithful to their constitution, will cause a pang in every Southern breast, for with them we could live forever peaceably, safely, happily. Honor and future security, however, demand the separation, and in their hearts they will approve, though they may regret the act.

Fellow-citizens of Georgia, I have endeavored to place before you the facts of the case in plain and unimpassioned language, and I should feel that I had done injustice to my own convictions, and been unfaithful to you, if I did not in conclusion warn you against the dangers of delay, and impress upon you the hopelessness of any remedy for these evils short of secession. You have to deal with a shrewd, heartless and unscrupulous enemy, who in the extremity may resolve anything, but in the end will do nothing. On the 4th day of March, 1861, the Federal Government will pass into the hands of the Abolitionists. It will then cease to have the certain ruler upon your confidence or your loyalty; and in my honest judgment each hour that Georgia remains thereafter a member of the Union, will be an hour of degradation, to be followed by certain, speedy ruin. I entertain no doubt either of your right or ability to secede from the Union. Arouse, then, all your energies for the great work before you, and be prepared on that day to announce and maintain your independence out of the Union, for you will never again have equality and justice in it. Identified with you in heart, feeling and interest, I return to share in whatever destiny the future has in store for our State and ourselves.

Hon. Herschel V. Johnson on the Election of Lincoln and the Secession of the South.

Hon. HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON, late a candidate for Vice President of the United States, has written a letter to AUGUST BELMONTE, of New York, in which he says:

The people of the South do not desire to break up the Union. They are sufficiently attached to it, and would prefer it, if it can be shown that they can be allowed peace, safety, equality and their constitutional rights. Recent developments have driven them to the offering at an early day, calm consideration of a few points will discover the ground of their exasperation and the reason that they have lost confidence for the future.

1. The anti-slavery sentiment of the North, from feebleness at first, has continued to grow stronger, until it has grasped the reins of Government, and threatens to consummate its long sighted policy of abolition.

2. It announces distinctly that the South is to be excluded from expansion into the common Territories, and that no more slave States shall be admitted into the Union.

3. The Republican platform announces the equality between the black and white races, and in some of the States free negroes, in the exercise of the elective franchise, have contributed to the election of Lincoln.

4. All have not approved—but many have approved and few condemned—the raid of John Brown upon unoffending citizens of a sister confederate.

5. In spite of the compact of the Fugitive Slave Law of Congress and utter disregard of their Constitutional obligation, a majority of the non-slaveholding States have passed "Personal Liberty Bills" or other acts to hinder and obstruct and prevent the surrender of fugitive slaves.

Now the election of Lincoln, per se, would not excite so much indignation and alarm at the South but for the fact that it gives a fearful and terrible significance to these proposi-tions which I have stated, and which cannot be denied. And this is the long abuse which the South has endured for years; the Abolition emissaries that frequently perambulate our section to excite insurrection and scatter firebrands in our towns and cities; the streams of poison and hate which are poured all over the land from the exhaustless fountains of the anti-slavery press, *and is it singular that our people are exasperated? Is it not strange that they have endured these things so long? How history furnish a page of parallel case of patience!* The truth is, the South is tired of this agitation—this ceaseless interference with her domestic peace and tranquility—this eternal effort of the Republicans of the North to get power for the avowed purpose of aggressing upon her constitutional rights. The patience of even conservative men in our midst is threadbare. They begin to think and to say, if there is to be no end to this disturbance and outrage upon them, it is as well to separate from the Union, that it is but a question of time, and, therefore, the sooner the better. I have given you but a faint picture of the state of things in the South. Language cannot portray the reality. Men of the North not acquainted with the workings of our social structure and the true relation of negro labor to capital, cannot fully appreciate what I am seeking to portray.

I have briefly stated to you the grounds of Southern discontent, and endeavored to impress you with the depth, breadth, and intensity of that discontent. It is all-absorbing. It overshadows everything. The voice of party is silenced by the mighty muttering of its sullen and indignant thunders. The South is thoroughly aroused, and though there are differences of opinion as to the policy of immediate secession, yet there is but one sentiment in relation to the work of coming to a settlement in full with the Republican States of the North. The time has come when men, North and South, must look the issue full in the face.

☞ The Washington City correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, in his letter of the 10th, says:

Gloomy and forbidding letters promote the general despondency. Kentucky members are receiving despondent letters daily, describing the tendency at home to dissolution. Last night Senator Crittenden received a letter from Ex-Gov. Morehead, of Kentucky, from Louisiana, in which he bewailed the wide spreading calamity, saying, "All is lost—Louisiana too will go." In short, a belief that the Union will soon be separated by the line which divides freedom from slavery is so general at Washington that it is not exaggeration to describe it as universal.

MASONIC NOTICE.

The members of ABRAHAM LODGE, No. 8, A. V. M., are notified to attend a called meeting of said lodge THIS (Saturday) NIGHT, December 15th, at 7 o'clock, for business of importance will be presented for their consideration H. E. LEWIS, W. M.
dl5 dlt*

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD

For a stray COW, lost on Sunday week. She was red, with a white spot on her forehead and part of her tail and legs white; heavy with calf; about five years old; Hamilton can be left at Mr. COX'S SODA DEPOT, corner of Main and Jackson sts.
dl5 dlt*

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold at public sale, on TUESDAY, the 18th day of December, 1860, at 10 o'clock, at the late residence of Mrs. Emily A. Sutton, dec'd, on the west side of Eighth street, near Broadway, in Louisville, all of the Household and Kitchen Furniture of the deceased.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums under $10, cash; all sums over $10, four months' credit, with approved note, payable in bank.

Also, one house for rent to a good tenant.
dl3 d3t* A. MARTIN, Administrator.

APPLES—225 bbls prime Northern Apples received and for sale by
dl3 W. & H. EICHBAUM, 417 Market street.

TOBACCO—250 boxes and butts in store and for sale by GARDNER & CO.
dl3 [4151]

BUCKETS—195 dozen blue and red and fancy Buckets in store and for sale by
dl3 GARDNER & CO.

BATTING—75 bales Batting in store and for sale by
dl3 [4151] GARDNER & CO.

GLASS—300 boxes Window Glass for sale by
dl3 GARDNER & CO.

CANDLES—320 boxes, halves and quarters, for sale by
dl3 [4151] GARDNER & CO.

Miscellaneous.

WE ARE MANUFACTURING, and offer to the trade and large consumers, at our factory on Main street, between Ninth and Tenth, WHITE LEAD and LINSEED OIL, both warranted strictly pure and of superior quality. We are also manufacturing the different grades of cheap White Lead and Zinc Paints. We keep on hand 21 all timg, Putty and Boiled Linseed Oil, ground in oil and dry also Raw Linseed, Whiting, Yellow Ochre, Red Lead, Colors in Oil, &c., all of which we offer low and on accommodating terms. WATERS & FOX.
dl1 d6m

TOYS FOR CHRISTMAS AT WHOLESALE—The subscriber is closing out the balance of his stock of Toys at very low prices. Call and see.
A. BOHLE, Wholesale Confectioner, Fruiterer &c., No. 50 Third street, west side, few doors above Main.
dl5

FIRE WORKS—Of all descriptions, for sale at the lowest prices. Purchasers will do well to see for themselves.
A. BOHLE, Confectioner, &c.
dl5 Third street, above Main.

CHRISTMAS MIXTURE CANDIES—Of the very best in the city at the price, for sale by
A. BOHLE, Confectioner,
dl5 Third street, above Main, west side.

SUGAR—50 hhds fair and good fair Sugar in store and for sale by
H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.
dl5

MOLASSES—200 bbls choice, in cargoes coopage, received per steamer Diana and for sale by
H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO
dl5

COFFEE—50 bags fair to prime Rio Coffee in store and for sale by
H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO
dl2

GUNNY BAGS—250 bales heavy Corn Bags in store and for sale by
H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.
dl2

RAISINS—400 half boxes fresh MR Raisins in store and for sale low to close consignment by
H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.
dl2

BROWN SHEETINGS—500 bales heavy 4-4 Sheetings in store and for sale by
H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.
Agents for Carnelton Cotton Mills.
dl5

BATTING—500 bales No. 1 Batting in store and for sale by
H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.
Agents for Carnelton Mills.
dl5

MONEY SAVER IS MONEY MADE!

WE take this occasion to say to our friends and the public, that in view of the feebleness of the money market, we shall, from and after this date, offer our large and extensive stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &c.,

At greatly reduced prices for

CASH ONLY!

Our assortment at this time is the largest and most varied in the city, and we will guarantee to sell our goods *lower than any other house in the West.* Call at once and secure bargains at

MERVIS & GALT'S,
No. 521 West Market street,
dl5 between Third and Fourth, south side.
Sign of the American Flag.

☞ Our assortment of SERVANTS' SHOES is particularly worthy of attention.

THE "ERARD" PIANO!
THE "ERARD" PIANO!
THE "ERARD" PIANO!
THE "ERARD" PIANO!
THE "ERARD" PIANO!
THE "ERARD" PIANO!
THE "ERARD" PIANO!

CHEAP FOR CASH AT

McCARRELL'S,
310 Jefferson street, West,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

I WILL TAKE AT PAR FOR PIANOS, the Bills of any good Bank, North or South, East or West, and sell at very low prices.
WM. McCARRELL.
dl5

LAST CALL TO TAX PAYERS.

TAKE NOTICE, that if you do not call at my office and pay your State Tax on or before the 15th of December, you may yourselves liable to have 50 per cent. added to your bills. I will be in my office every morning till 10 o'clock, Saturdays and Mondays all day.
dl3 d3d W. S. D. MEGOWAN, S. J. C.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Taken up as an estray, by John H. Maupin, at his place near Portland Avenue, between Louisville and Portland, Jefferson county, Ky., one MARE about 16 hands high, black color, and apparently six years old. Appraised by me at $100. Given under my hand this 5th day of Nov., 1860.
dec1 dlaw4* JOS. CLEMENT, J. P. J. C.

HORSE STRAYED.

STRAYED from the premises, in Butchertown, on Thursday, December 13th, a very dark grey colt, two years old, four hands high, three white feet; had a star in the forehead. Had on a halter. I will give five dollars reward for his recovery.
dl4 d3* JACOB WALL.

SUGAR—30 hhds prime Sugar landing from the steamer Diana and for sale by
dl4 COUD & MOODY.

PREPARING FOR CHRISTMAS.

A FRESH supply of the finest cultivated Northern Fruit received at the YORK STATE APPLE STORE, No. 194 Main street, between First and Brook
dl4 dlt

MADAM BELL,
FORTUNE-TELLER,
Physician and Electropathist,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Louisville that she has arrived in this place, and can be consulted in all matters of Life, Health, Present, or Future, in regard to Love, Losses, &c.; and she can reconcile quarrels between man and wife, other people, and give a likeness of your future husband, wife, friend or enemy; she can see whether it is the people's luck or talisman in every undertaking. She is no humbug or impostor, but will do what she professes. She has a

DEVIL

with her which can be seen in the water. She is able to ascertain the cause of sickness and furnish medicine for ladies.

She offers to wager $10,000 that no person in this city can surpass her in her profession. Please call at her room in Market street, between First and Second, northside. No. 12½, up stairs.
dl4 d1m*

COAL OIL AND LAMPS!

DEODORIZED COAL OIL, transparent in color, does not color the chimney or emit odor in burning. Also an assortment of COAL OIL LAMPS with the Jones Merrill and Improved Excelsior Burners. CHANDELIERS and STANDS for Churches. For sale very low, wholesale or retail.
W. H. SETTLE, No. 219 Fourth street,
oct4 dtf Louisville, Ky.

PUBLIC NOTICE!
PUBLIC NOTICE!

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Know all men by these presents, that I, M. ARMSTRONG, on Main, opposite the National Hotel, is now offering his stock of Men's and Boys' CLOTHING at greatly reduced rates than any other house in the city, which he is prepared to show upon a careful examination. Those in want of

FINE CLOTHING,
MEDIUM CLOTHING,
HEAVY CLOTHING,
NEGRO CLOTHING,
BOYS' CLOTHING, &C.

Should bear no time, but call immediately for bargains at
M. ARMSTRONG'S,
d14 Fourth and Main streets.

HOG FOUND.

On Friday, 4th of December, in Portland, Ky., a HOG supposed to be a grown hog. The owner can have it by proving property and paying charges.
EUGENE VILLIER,
d13 d3* Portland, Ky.

MISSOURI MONEY! MISSOURI MONEY!

HAVING use for a small amount of the Bank Notes of the above state, we will receive them at par in exchange for Groceries.
d14 BOWSER & MARTIN.

TENNESSEE MONEY!

BANK NOTES of the old Banks of Tennessee will be received in exchange for Groceries.
d14 TYLER & MARTIN.

TYLER & MARTIN

HAVE in store and for sale low—
75 hhds New Orleans Sugar;
400 bbls Crushed, Granulated and Powdered Sugar;
100 bbls Plantation Molasses;
200 boxes and ½ boxes Layer Raisins,
80 bbls Carolina Tar;
1,000 kegs Wheeling Nails;
600 bbls old and new Copper Whisky,
1,000 bbls. ½ bbls, ¼ bbls and kits Mackerel;
25 casks Brandy under Custom-house lock;
500 bbls New Castle Bl. Coal;
350 bbls. halves and kegs Baldmore Golden and Sugarhouse Syrup;
50 bags Java Coffee;
100 ½ chests G. P. Tea, &c., &c.
d14

DOCTOR DILLON,
Graduate of England and Ireland.

FORMERLY DEMONSTRATOR OF ANATOMY to the School of Medicine, Cecelia street, Dublin, and late Surgeon in H. B. M. Royal Navy. Office and Residence, Green street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth.
Office hours, from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M. d13 d2m*

COFFEE—120 bags Rio Coffee received per Creole and for sale by
d13 GARDNER & CO.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES.

We don't profess to sell goods regardless of cost, as some advertise, but we promise to sell BOOTS AND SHOES as cheap as can be bought elsewhere, including the best articles to sell regardless of cost. No sane man will sell goods less than they cost him. If his goods are worth anything; therefore, if you wish good Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, go where you can get your money's worth, at
LEE & GAITHER'S,
d13 South side Market street, second door above Fourth.

SELLING OFF AT COST!

I will sell at cost for cash only, my entire stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, mostly custom made, prime stock. They are got up regardless of cost, such as you generally find in first-class houses. JOHN BUCKLEY.
dll dtm between Fifth and Sixth, north side.

CARROLL CIRCUIT COURT.

Frederick Caswell, Guardian of Robert Haswell, Mitchell Caswell, and Emma Caswell, } Upon petition for sale of Slave.

In obedience to a decree of the Carroll Circuit Court, rendered at the September term, 1860, in the above cause, I will, as special Commissioner of said Court, on the 21st December, 1860, at the public auction, at the door of the Court-house, in the city of Louisville, Ky., a certain Negro Man slave named CLEM, about 23 years of age, belonging to said petitioners. A credit of six months will be given; the purchaser giving bond with good security for the price, bearing interest from the day of sale.
HENRY L. GILTNER,
d12 d16* Special Com. C. C. C.

CHEESE—
500 boxes Western Reserve Cheese;
200 do Hamburg do;
200 do English Dairy
In store and for sale by
JNO. F. HOWARD & CO., Main street,
d13 between Third and Fourth.

CRAB CIDER—16 bbls pure Crab Cider just received and for sale by
JOHN F. HOWARD & CO., Main st.,
d13 between Third and Fourth.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—500 sacks Buckwheat Flour in store and for sale by
JOHN F. HOWARD & CO., Main street,
d13 between Third and Fourth.

TENNESSEE COTTON YARNS—81 bags Good Hope brand just received and for sale by
JOHN F. HOWARD & CO., Main st.,
d13 between Third and Fourth.

TO CITY AND RAILROAD TAX PAYERS OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE, KY.

THIS is to give you all fair warning, that if your Taxes are not paid by the 1st of January, 1861, you may expect your property to be advertised and sold for the last week in May.
THOMAS T. SUMMERS, C. T. U.
R. T. MAY, R. R. T. C.
Louisville, December 4th, 1860.
☞ Office, Northwest corner of Sixth and Jefferson streets. Office hours, from nine to ten o'clock each morning. Mondays and Saturdays, till 12 o'clock.
d5 d1m

SUGAR—42 hhds Sugar received per steamer E. H. Fairchild and for sale by
dll E. BUSTARD, No. 228 West Main st.

Miscellaneous.

CLOTHING!

Cheap for Cash.

J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.,
No. 227 MAIN STREET,
Between Second and Third,
OFFER THEIR FINE STOCK OF
GENTLEMEN'S
CLOTHING
AND
FURNISHING GOODS
AS LOW
AS ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY!

Fine Overcoats
Very Low.

FINE BUSINESS COATS
Very Low.

SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR,
HALF HOSE,
TIES, GLOVES, CRAVATS,
For Sale Low at
J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.'S.
dl6 dtf

THE
COURIER AND ENQUIRER,
PUBLISHED AT GALLATIN, TENN.
Circulates in Sumner county!
Circulates in Smith county!
Circulates in Wilson county!
Circulates in Macon county!
Circulates in Jackson county!
Circulates in Robertson county!
Circulates in White county!
CIRCULATES IN SOUTHERN KENTUCKY!
Advertise in It!
LEWIS & DUNCAN,
dll d6 Publishers.

HOPS AND MALT.

50 BALES HOPS;
5,000 bushels prime Malt;
In store and for sale by JOHN ENGELN,
dl4 dtf3 No. 147 Wall street.

BOOTS AND SHOES

At Reduced Prices!

The subscriber, having a large stock of LADIES' and GENTS' WINTER BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS on hand, all of his own manufacture, offers them at greatly reduced prices for CASH.

Gents in want of fine CALF WINTER BOOTS can be accommodated at the low price of $2 per pair for cash only.

Also—a lot of MEN'S AND BOYS' THICK AND KIP BOOTS at cost for cash only.
D. MARSHALL, Main street,
d6 dtf between Third and Fourth.

VELVET CARPETS!

ENGLISH BRUSSELS!
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS!
TAPESTRY INGRAINS!
THREE-PLY INGRAINS!
TWO-PLY INGRAINS!
COCO MATTING, RUGS, MATS, &C.;
At prices lower than ever before offered in this market.

CURTAIN GOODS!

CORNICES AND HANDS!
WINDOW SHADES!
LINEN GOODS!
BLANKETS!

And every description of a choice and elegant stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, which we are now offering at unusually low prices, in order to make room for our early Spring Importations.

OLD ESTABLISHED CARPET AND FURNISHING WAREHOUSE.

HITE & SMALL,
Main street, between Third and Fourth; three doors west Bank of Louisville.
d13

$20,000 WANTED!

SOUTHERN BANKS—Illinois, Missouri, Virginia, Pennsylvania and Tennessee money, taken at par, wholesale and retail, for HATS, CAPS AND LADIES' FURS.
PRATHER & SMITH, 429 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.
dll

AT COST!
$20,000 WORTH OF
WATCHES, JEWELRY,
Clocks, & Plated-Ware!

Owing to hard times and changement of business, we offer our entire stock of goods, comprising a full assortment of fine GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, all kinds of JEWELRY, imported and our own manufacture, at manufacturers' and cost prices, for cash.

Please examine our goods and prices, and be convinced that we will sell at cost.
HIRSCHBUHL & DOLFINGER,
Manufacturers of Jewelry,
South side of Main, one door above Third st.
d10 dtf

LADIES, ATTENTION!
CHEAP AND HANDSOME CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!
AT THE CHEAP LACE STORE.

JUST RECEIVED—
500 Embroidered Collets at only 81;
500 Lace Collars from 25c to 75c;
Real Valenciennes Lace Collars at 62½;
Do do do Sets at only 87½;
Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 25c;
Real Point Lace Collars at 81;
Embroidered Muslin Collars from 25c to 81.
Besides a very large stock of choice and elegant Laces and Embroideries, all of which will be sold cheap for cash.
Call soon to get bargains, at
CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS',
d6 260 Fourth street (old No. 99).

COCOA NUTS—8 casks Cocoa Nuts to arrive by the steamer

Miscellaneous.

EDGELY CARTER ..... JAMES BUCHANAN.

CARTER & BUCHANAN,

DEALERS IN

GARDEN AND GRASS SEEDS,

And Manufacturers of

Agricultural Implements.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

n24d&wtf

Established in Louisville in 1834.

CAPITAL REPRESENTED $1,000,000.

JAMES E. TYLER. ... S. TYLER. ... A. D. TYLER.

JAMES E. TYLER & CO.,

GENERAL

INSURANCE AGENTS,

OFFICE IN FRONT ROOM,

OVER HEGAN AND ESCOTT'S STORE,

ON THE SIDE MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

INVITE special attention to the following list of CAREFULLY RELIABLE AND LONG ESTABLISHED Companies represented by them.

Delaware Mutual Safety Ins. Co,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Chartered in 1846. ..... Assets $801,955 57

☞ By the act incorporating this Company, the parties insuring property therein are entitled to a share of the profits of the business, without assuming themselves to ANY liability beyond the premium paid.

Hartford Fire Insurance Co,

Chartered 1810, with Perpetual Charter.

Cash Capital and Surplus $400,173 82

A. CALVIN, Sec. H. HUNTINGTON, Pres.

Howard Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

Chartered 1858. ... Cash Capital a Surplus $307,156 29

A. OAKLEY, Sec. S. V. SKIDMORE, Pres.

Atlantic Fire and Marine Ins. Co.,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Organized 1852. ... Cash Capital a Surplus $286,440 15

S. MAURAN, President.

UNITY INSURANCE CO.,

OF LONDON.

Organized 1858. ... Authorized Capital $2,000,000

Special Fund of $450,000, deposited in New York.

Cash Capital (Stock Subscribed, Shanahan, Schuyler Livingston, (firm of Barclay & Living ston,) Watts Sherman, (firm of Duncan, Sherman & Co.) New York, Trustees. Edward Allard, Manager and General Agent, 58 Wall st., New York.

Manhattan Fire Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

Cartered 1851. ... Capital and Surplus $200,812 04

WM. PITT PALMER, President.

A. J. SMITH, Sec'y.

CITY INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF CINCINNATI

Chartered 1849. ..... Capital and Surplus $174,147 65

N. GREGORY, Sec. JOS. C. BUTLER, Pres.

Northwestern Insurance Co.,

STATE OF NEW-YORK.

Chartered 1854. ... Cash Capital a Surplus $309,501 19

S. B. LUDLOW, Sec. J. PRATT, Pres.

ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE CO.

20 WALL STREET, N. Y.

Chartered 1858. ..... Capital and Surplus $200,217

R. A. OAKLEY, Sec. ALBERT WARD, Pres.

Lamar Fire Insurance Comp'y.

38 WALL STREET, N. Y.

Chartered 1856. ..... Capital and Surplus $384,068 74

I. R. Sec. JOHN. Sec. ED. ANTHONY, Pres.

Union Mutual Life Insurance Co.

Director's Office, 68 State St.,

BOSTON, MASS.

Incorporated, ... 1848.

Original Capital and Accumulations, ... $2,000,000 00

W. B. HOLLISTER, Secy. L. B. PRATT, President.

ALL LOSSES

Will be Promptly and Liberally Adjusted in Louisville.

IN THE FIRE DEPARTMENT of the business, policies will be issued on Dwellings, Stores, Warehouses, and their contents, also Cotton and Grain on Mills, Manufactories, &c., and on property in the country and in towns, when furnished with proper information by the applicant.

IN THE MARINE DEPARTMENT risks are solicited on the hulls of Steamboats and their cargoes, shipments by sea or inland conveyance, and on cargoes of Flatboats on Western waters.

IN THE LIFE DEPARTMENT the undersigned are prepared to issue policies to persons in good health, either upon short or long terms of years, on terms as favorable as those of any other advent institution in the Union. Risks are also taken, to a limited extent, on the lives of sound, healthy negroes. The importance of Life Insurance is beginning to be understood and appreciated, and of its advantages we have had some striking instances in this community. All necessary information, pamphlets, and blanks documents furnished gratis, on application to

JAMES E. TYLER & CO.

☞ Office in the front room over Hegan & Escott's store, south side Main street, between Fourth and Fifth. jan1deodtf

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!

SOUTH CAROLINA, ALABAMA, WISCONSIN, ILLINOIS, MISSOURI, VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE MONEY.

ALL TAKEN AT PAR FOR

Clothing

AND

FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE

GREAT CLOTHING HOUSE

OF

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS.,

Under National Hotel.

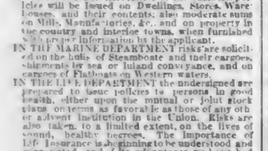
oct7 d1y LOUISVILLE.

DICKSON & GILMORE,

Importers of Guns & Fishing Tackle,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 52 Third Street, near Main, Louisville, Ky.



WE are now receiving a large stock of fine and plain double and single barrel Guns, Colt and Allen's Pistols, Rifles of every description, and every article needed by Sportsmen. Also, Fishing Tackle of every description, all of which they will sell for cash or to prudent customers. Give us a call, whether you buy or not.

n. d&wtfcoswtf.

J. G. MATHERS,

IN HIS NEW STORE

Adjoining Bank of Louisville,

MAIN STREET,

South side, between Third and Fourth.

DEALER and IMPORTER

IN

CARPETING, OIL CLOTHS

CURTAIN MATERIALS,

TRIMMING GOODS,

AND GENERAL

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

A FOR QUANTITY, QUALITY, BEAUTY, AND CHEAPNESS, THIS HOUSE HAS NO EQUAL. ☞ It will be pleased to show all old customers and as many new ones as possible.

☞ I have engaged the services of E. A. RANDALL, late of the New York Cash Store, as Salesman. my4 d1y

LIST AND WOOLEN RAG CARPET.

MANUFACTURE List and Woolen Rag Carpets on an extensive scale, and enabled to furnish dealers with any quantity. I will also make Carpets for such persons who find their own material, in the best manner. Inquire at the store of Keller & Maxey, on Third street, between Main and River.

D. P. MAXEY.

N. B.—Cash paid for List and old Woolen Rags.

o16 d2m

234 234

J. A. WHARTON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

CABINET FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS.

North side Market street, bet. Second and Third, AT THE OAK FRONT. jly4 d1y&o

DOLLS,

DOLL HEADS AND BODIES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, AT SUES' VARIETIES,

d3 229 Fourth street.

WILLIAM KENDRICK,

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM THE Eastern cities, would call attention to the large stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER and PLATED WARE, which he has now over offered for sale, and which embraces a variety in each department, many of which have been manufactured to order, and all procured at the lowest cash prices, which enables me to offer them low as can be found elsewhere. All warranted as represented.

Please call and examine for yourself at

71 THIRD STREET,

n26d&w Bet. Main and Market.

J. MONKS, 732 MAIN STREET,

HAVE in store and for sale very low in lots to suit purchasers, over 1,000 lots of various ages and brands of Kentucky Bourbon Whisky, a portion very old and made by the best Bourbon copper distillers—is probably the finest Whisky now for sale in the State.

n24

PURE COGNAC AND ROCHELLE BRANDIES

20 ½ casks A. Seignette Brandy;

10 ¾ do Guard, Dupuy & Co. Brandy;

10 ½ do Nanot Fils Brandy;

10 ½ do Pinet Castillon do;

Also 10 ¼ and 5 ¼ pipes pure Bellevoisin Brandy on consignment and ordered to be sold at New York prices. J. MONKS, north side Main street, between Seventh and Eighth.

IRISH WHISKY, &c.—

2 puncheons of superior old Irish Whisky;

3 do do Jamaica Rum;

5 pipes Double Fine Apple Holland Gin;

In store and for sale by J. MONKS, Main street.

n24

STUDIES OF ANIMAL LIFE—By C. R. Lesse, 10 cents. [au28] JOHN P. MORTON & CO.

The Farm Courier.

THE FARM. THE ORCHARD. THE STOCK RANGE.

LOUISVILLE..... DEC. 15, 1860.

The Cashmere Goat.

We are all more or less interested in the introduction of any new animal or plant that promises to be a source of wealth, or in any ways a valuable acquisition to the country. Had it not been for the fact, that the first settlers of this Continent brought with them their horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, and the various kinds of grain common to their native land, we should to-day in many respects, be little better off than the aboriginal inhabitants. Nor is it at all probable that we have yet all the acquisitions that are possible or desirable. The common goat, which in parts of the Old World supplies the poor with milk and cheese, food and clothing, cannot be considered a very valuable animal with us; but the wool bearing goats found in Thibet, Cashmere, Chinese Tartary, Turkey and Persia, in Asia, of which there are many varieties, could they be acclimated in this country, would be a source of wealth to every where, and, no doubt, be a great acquisition. The Cashmere goat, which is probably a superior breed, was brought to the United States by Dr. Davis, of South Carolina, in 1849, since which time they have been crossed with the common goat, multiplied to some extent, distributed into a number of States, and exhibited at many of the Fairs. As yet, nothing definite has been determined as to the result of the experiment, yet we cannot but hope that portions of the country bordering on the Alleghany and Rocky mountains, and many portions of the Southern States, there of less barren, will be suitable for them. They have been found to do best in the mountainous regions of a warm country. The best region in Asia is between 30° and 40 deg. of lat. Those taken to a warm, level country, cease to produce the most valuable portion of their wool. The chief value of the Cashmere goat consists in its wool, which can be manufactured into ladies' clothing, of great beauty and durability, and is capable of receiving and retaining coloring matter in a higher degree than any other wool. It is long, silky, and white, and at the base grows the precious *down*, from which the pure cashmere shawls are made. The quantity of this down is very small, not exceeding a few ounces, and the best shawls made from this are worth from $1,000 to $2,000. It was these shawls which the General of the French army found in his campaign in Egypt, and the British found in India, that first brought these goats to the notice of Europeans, though their wool had long been used in the kingdom of Cashmere. In 1819 they were introduced into France, and subsequently into England, but in neither of these countries did they retain their original value, though in France a portion of the wool used the Cashmere manufactories is obtained from them, while a still larger portion is imported from Thibet.

We repeat again, their introduction into this country would be a great acquisition, provided our climate is adapted to them. We already possess a limited supply of articles manufactured from their wool; but the great difficulty and expense of its importation renders their price much greater than it should be. Let the experiment (for it is yet an experiment) be fully and fairly tried. Medium, and Canadian all owners of goats from running the question into a "goat speculation," that they may *realize immediate* returns. If this is done, it will become a "humbug." Inconcent men—men who have no knowledge and no ability to attend properly to the cost, will be induced to buy goats at high prices, when they really have the least value; money will be lost, and disappointment will of course follow. We have already been sufficiently humbugged with Rohde potatoes, Bolton cotton, Morus multicaulis, Shanghai chickens, etc. Let those living in the proper localities, who have means at their disposal, and a disposition to be public benefactors, enter into the enterprise, but let all others wait *till the risk is over, and the experiment a success.* We give below a short article, which is modest and honest.—[Ohio Farmer.

"When I saw you at the Ohio State Fair, I promised to send you some information in regard to the Cashmere goat I shall endeavor to do so, as fast as I may be enabled to gather facts in regard to their mode of management, &c. Their adaptation to our climates, both North and South, has been proved beyond a doubt; there does not appear to be any part of the United States to which the constitution of this goat is not adapted. It is by no means so constituted as to brave the cold of the steppes of the Eastern Caucassian, Himalaya, and Altsian mountains, it would not suffer if fed in our coldest regions; all heretofore brought to this country, with the exception of one or two, are still living, and have had no disease of any description since they were landed. The crosses upon our native goat partake wholly of the characteristics of their progenitors, even down to the first cross. By experiments already made, we have every reason to believe, by judicious crossing, we will in time be enabled to produce an animal in all respects far superior to those now imported. I have a fourth cross on my farm, that can be seen at any time, which for fineness of texture cannot be surpassed even by the pure bloods; also one a second cross that can hardly be distinguished from an imported animal; the fleece can be raised in this country with a fineness approximating to that which it has ever attained in Asia under the most favorable circumstances. It is as soft as the finest silk, and equally glossy, and of a silvery whiteness, and from eight to fifteen inches in length. The fabric manufactured from this material, is not only the most beautiful, but the most durable in the world, and it is the union of these two qualities which makes it so costly. These goats are extremely frugal, living upon weeds, briars, and all the different grasses, the coarser preferred; I kept about seventy head last winter, and they did not consume more than sixty sheaves of fodder. I consider them the hardiest, most productive, and easiest animal raised and managed now in existence. They are not, as many suppose, of a wandering disposition; give them a shelter to protect them from rain and cold winds, and before the setting of the sun, or previous to a shower, they will invariably be found at home."

GEO. W. OGDEN.

LEXINGTON, Kentucky.

Mr. Johnston on Liming.

I commenced liming about 30 years ago by experimenting with 20 bushels on half an acre. That half acre looked so much better the next spring that I contracted for 900 bushels for the succeeding fall, and put it on at the rate of 40 bushels to the acre. That gave me a great crop on land that was said to have been cropped thirty years without any manure; I then got lime for nine cents per bushel, taking a whole kiln at once. I kept liming until I had all the old land limed, and it paid well—the first crop always paying well for the cost, besides making much more straw to increase the manure. The last I limed was fourteen years ago, I then made an experiment with 100 bushels to the acre on two acres, and 55 bushels to the acre on the remainder of the field (16 acres). The two acres with 100 bushels to the acre yielded an immense crop; had it not been on the hardest and poorest part of the field I presume it would have all lodged. Although lime *stiffens* the straw much, the wheat is clearer, plumper, and of finer quality. A good liming will last from 20 to 25 years, and then the land may require 20 to 25 bushels to the acre. I said that if I was a young man I would lime all my unlimed land at the rate of 80 bushels to the acre. It would be little cost for a few hundred farmers in Western New York to each try 25 bushels on half an acre of wheat this fall; and next harvest, and in all probability long before, they would see the result. There is nothing that I can say, or any other man can say, that will convince men like their own experience.

JOHN JOHNSTON.

Leaves—Leaf Stalks.

Many kinds of leaves abound in principles adapted for animal nutrition, as is shown by the extent to which cattle are grown, sustained and fattened upon the grasses.

Man makes use of leaves in his diet to but a limited extent. Prof. Johnstone remarks: "Leaves are generally rich in gluten; many of them, however, contain other substances in smaller quantity, associated with the gluten, which are unpleasant to the taste, or act injuriously upon the general health, and therefore render them unfit for human food. Dried tea leaves, for example, contain almost twenty-five per cent. of gluten, and therefore, if they could be eaten with relish, and digested readily, they would proves strengthening as brains or peas."

The Cabbage.—Prof Johnstone also says of this vegetable: "It is especially nutritious; the dried leaf contains, according to my analysis, from 30 to 45 per cent. of gluten, and is, in this respect, therefore, more nutritious than any other vegetable food, which is consumed, to a great extent, by men and animals. I know, indeed, of only two exceptions, the mushrooms, which in its dry matter contains sometimes as much as 56 per cent. of gluten, and the dried cauliflower, in which the gluten rises as high as 64 per cent."

The cabbage and cauliflower, lose in drying, more than 90 per cent. of water, and the dried residue, according to Pereira, is remarkably rich in sulphur, as well as nitrogen. The plant decays quickly, and gives out a strong odor of putrifaction, owing to its nitrogenous and sulphurous compounds. Decayed cabbage leaves should therefore not be allowed to remain in cellars, or lie about in the vicinity of dwellings.—[Ohio Farmer.

TEACHER OR GOVERNESS.

A YOUNG LADY wishes a situation as an Assistant Teacher in a school or as Governess in a family. She can teach English, French, and Music on the Piano. The best references given. Address "MISS P.," care of Courier office. n28 d1w

Special Notices.

DR. URBAN'S INEBRIATE'S HOPE

Is still doing its great work in the cure of Inebriety, in the drunkard loses his desire for the intoxicating bowl, returns to his business, and carries peace and plenty to his distressed and needy family. This wonderful discovery cannot be too highly appreciated or too widely known.

The INEBRIATE'S HOPE is carefully prepared and sold by RAYMOND & TYLER, 74 Fourth street, near Main. $1 50 per single package, or 4 packages for $5. Orders per mail, inclosing cash, *postage free.* n29 deod&wcowtf

Dark, Glossy, and Luxuriant Hair!

HOW ?

By using the Helmstreet's *Ingredients* Restorative! Don't use anything else on your head.

Price 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold everywhere. WM. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y. See advertisement headed

"You Look in Vain!"

Settled For Ever!

The important question of

POISON IN HAIR DYES!

Cristadoro's Hair Dye

Has been analyzed and

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By

PROF. ROBT CHILTON, OF NEW YORK.

The first analytic in America, Effect of the Dye almost instantaneous. Imparts a jet black or ash shade (*Nature's*) Color rich, natural, and uniform. Manufactured No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

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"BEE HIVE"

CHEAPEST AND

BEST IN THE CITY

E. KLAUBER, PHOTOGRAPHER AND PROPRIETOR.

s25 dtf

CLARKE'S LIVER PILLS!

The best Liver Remedy before the people. For sale by all druggists.

S. C. WALKER Proprietor,

Pittsburg, Pa.

THE GREAT REMEDY.

GENESSEE LINIMENT!

Acknowledged to be greatest Pain Destroyer known. For sale by all druggists.

S. C. WALKER, Proprietor,

Pittsburg, Pa.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS WARRANTED TO CURE FEVER AND AGUE.

The effect of purging with BRANDRETH'S PILLS is to restore the health, no matter from what cause it may be suffering. They take out all impurities from the system; and they have the same power of expulsion over miasm, lobsonous vapor of decayed vegetables, or indeed any poisonous substance breathed by man whatever. In fact, if the blood is poisoned, it is impure, and impure blood results in disease.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS,

though innocent as bread, yet they are capable of purifying the blood and curing disease. So, they cure all kinds of bowel complaints, catarrh, coughs, colds, fevers and painful affections of every kind.

Price 25 cents per box. Sold by J. B. WILDEB & CO., Main street, and RAYMOND & TYLER, Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., and by all the respectable dealers in medicines. n29 dlm&w4

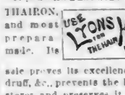
WEBSTER'S GALLERY, AMBROTYPES, PHOTOGRAPHS, TINTYPES, LIFE-SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS

475 dtf

my24

HOW TO DO IT!

If you wish a fine head of Hair, use LYON'S KATHAIRON, and most beautiful hair dressing ever made. Its popular preparation is immense sale proves its excellence. It removes all Dandruff, &c., prevents the hair from falling out, restores and preserves it, and is delightfully perfumed. Sold everywhere. n16d&wlm



PALMER'S VEGETABLE COSMETIC LOTION

Removes Pimples and all other blemishes from the face and other parts of the person.

It cures Chilblains by one thorough application

It cures every variety of inflamed, itching or irritating Diseases of the Skin.

It cures Warts without fail. See directions.

It cures the most desperate cases of Tetter. Examine the large amount of evidence to substantiate these facts.

It has restored to society thousands that have for years in seclusion on account of some unsightly eruption of the face.

It cures Sores about the nose and mouth by a few applications.

It cures the Barber's Itch without fail.

It cures Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Old Sores, &c. In many cases operations like magic, one application often accomplishing more than has been effected by the application for years of the best known remedies.

It is the great Skin Purifier of the age. Then waste no more money on worthless articles, but procure at once one king of them all. Prepared only by SOLON PALMER.

No. 56 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, O.

For sale in Louisville by RAYMOND & TYLER, and by Druggists generally. d7 d&wtf

VALUABLE FARMING LANDS IN ILLINOIS AND INDIANA FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR OTHER PROPERTY.

THE undersigned, as Agents for the owner, offer for sale, on the most reasonable terms, a list of some of the most desirable Farming Lands in the flourishing States of Illinois and Indiana, viz:

Sec. 24, T. 3, R. 10, 640 acres.

W. ½ of N. E. ¼ Sec. 29, T. 3, R. 10, 100 acres.

W. ½ of N. W. ¼ Sec. 28, T. 3, R. 10, 80 acres.

S. ½ of W. ¼ Sec. 36, T. 3, R. 10, 9 1/2 100 acres.

Part of Nine Hundred and Seventy-Six Acres and Twelve hundredths Acres, situated in Whiteconn Co., Illinois.

These lands are RICH FARMING LANDS, 200 acres under cultivation; balance heavily timbered with Poplar, Hickory, Hackberry, Hazel, Ash, Oak, &c. Water abundant; improvements good; Log Houses on three different places.

The situation is desirable, immediately on the Road leading West from Grayville, which town is located on the navigable waters of the Wabash River. White's is the Farming and Stock County, and is rapidly filling up in population. The cross in this section are always good.

For Sale by

J. Bullocke & J. B. Locke,

o10 d1y Agents, 36 Church street, New York.

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES, viz:

SOUTH CAROLINA,

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WANTED IN EXCHANGE FOR DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING. GARVIN, BELL & CO.

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GREAT BARGAINS IN PIANO FORTES—Every description of Piano Fortes at prices unprecedentedly low, by

D. P. FAULDS & CO., 221 Main street,

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GREAT BARGAINS IN MUSICAL GOODS—Guitars, Violins, Flutes, Fifes, Drums, Clarionetts, and every description of Musical Goods at very low prices, by

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NEW MUSIC—All of the latest Publications and Stands, Music and Musical Instruction Books, for sale at wholesale or retail by

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between Second and Third.

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EAR CORN—I am receiving daily new Ear Cut by the car load, and selling low on arrival.

GEO. R. PATTON,

No. 120 Old No. 20 Wall street,

Between Main and the river.

Amusements.

LOUISVILLE THEATER!

MRS. MARY F. LOFTUS ..... SOLE LESSEE

ROBERT GRIFFITHS ..... STAGE MANAGER

THOS. J. CAREY ..... TREASURE

RATES OF ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Parquette, 75c; Second Tier and Family Circle, 38c; Private Boxes, $5; Colored Boxes, 38c; Gallery, 19c; Colored Gallery, 12c.

☞ CHANGE OF TIME—Doors open at 7—Curtain rises at 7½ o'clock.

MR. AND MISS RICHINGS.

THIS (Saturday) EVENING, December 15th, will be presented the grand Oriental Drama of the ENCHANTRESS. Principal—Ranur, the original character by Mr. Peter Richings; Porteguette, Mr. Bowers. A large and effective cast between the Prologue and the Drama. DRAMA—Ranur (disguised as a fagrir), Lelar Asgrim, Mr. Peter Richings; Hajin, Sylvio Elmore; Duke d'Aosta, Klemm; Dr. M'thuna-lim, S. Smith; Nuzeem, Handley; Bradley, Edwin Forrest; Bracine, Hudson; Stella, the Enchantress, Miss C. Richings.

☞ Box office will be open daily from 9 o'clock A. M. till P. M. and from 4 to 6 P. M. when cards can be secured. dtf

MAD. VARIAN JAMES,

THE NEW AMERICAN PRIMA DONNA, whose success in Detroit, Chicago and St. Louis, has been unparalleled in our former Artiste for many years, would announce

TWO GRAND CONCERTS,

on

Monday and Tuesday Evenings, December 17th and 18th.

On which occasion she will be assisted by other EMINENT ARTISTES.

The whole under the direction of MR. EDWARD HOFFMAN, the distinguished Pianist. d14 dtd

SECOND ANNUAL BALL

OF THE

LOUISVILLE

Stove and Hollow-Ware

MOLDERS' UNION.

TO BE GIVEN ON

Tuesday Evening, Dec. 25th, 1860,

AT

MASONIC TEMPLE!

THE general satisfaction given at our first Annual Ball will, we think, be sufficient earnest of our desire and ability to please.

MANAGERS.

Typographical Union—Jos. R. Watts, L. S. Bartlett, Henry Heffer, Machinists and Blacksmiths' Union—J. R. Mullikin, C. Rice, Jas. Clark, Machine Hands' Union—Jas. Cahill, Chris. Hoffman, Jas. Fenerty. Hatters' Union—F. M. Atkinson, John Booth, C. McBride, Stove and Hollow ware Moulders' Union—Jacob Rumpel, Jas. Mosher, Jacob Schmitt, John Garrity, David Little, Jas. Ryan, Elgon Mayo, Geo. R. Talleriet, Abram Avery, John Kiely, John Mc Donald, John Coyle.

WILL HOBAN, General Director.

Carriages will be in attendance to convey ladies to and from the Hall.

Both halls will be used for dancing. Simon's and Cunningham's Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Refreshments furnished by the United National Hotel. 25 Tickets $2 50. d13 dtd

DANCING

AND

CALISTHENICS.

MR. W. STELL'S ACADEMY will be open on FRIDAY, September 28th, in the MASONIC TEMPLE.

Hours of Tuition—Fridays, from 3 to 5; and Saturdays, from 10 to 1, and from 3 to 5 P. M.

Gentlemen's Classes—Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 7 to 10 o'clock.

TERMS PER QUARTER—Ten dollars, payable in advance. s24 dtf

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LAW CARD.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW, Court Place, Louisville, Ky., will give prompt attention to Legal business in the Courts of Louisville, and the Court of Appeals. dec12 dtf

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OFFICE ADJOINING "YEOMAN" OFFICE.

REFERENCES:—Gov. Magoffin, Frankfort, Ky.; Jas. Davis, Georgetown, Ky.; Prest. Milligan, Bacon College, Ky.; Dr. Hopson, Lexington, Ky.; Judge Peabody, Carrollton, Ky.; Messrs. Hughes & Paducah, Ky.; Hon. Wm. E. Simms, Paris, Ky.; Hon. J. C. Mason, Owensville, Ky.; Judge White, Mayfield, Ky.; Elder W. T. Moore, Flatlick, Ky. my4 dly

L. W. MASON. W. G. REDMAN.

MASON & REDMAN,

DENTISTS,

229 Green street, 2d door above Third.

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D. SINGERS.

Louisville Optical Institute.

Main street, under National Hotel, Louisville, Ky

IMPORTER of SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES of every description, in gold, silver and steel, correctly fitted to the Eye. Microscopes, Telescopes, Optical Glasses, Mathematical and Physical Instruments, Electric Machines, Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views in a great variety.

Artificial Human Eyes inserted, and New Glasses set into old frames. d2 dtf

MADAME ROSENBAUGH,

DOCTRESS AND PHRENOLOGIST,

WOULD most respectfully inform her friends and patrons of Louisville that she has located on MARKET STREET, between Second and Third, for her future at the door where she formerly practiced for upwards of six years, and feels grateful for the liberal patronage she has received from the ladies of Louisville. Female complaints, Chronic Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Dyspepsia, Piles, Blindness, Deafness, Affection of the Spleen, Rheumatism and Palsy, and will warrant cures in all such cases. Cancers, Scrofula, Blood Disorders, Bunions and Corns, when the patient is not beyond the reach of mortal aid.

Madame R. being the first Astrologist of the city, will also guarantee to give true and correct information on all the events of life, that transpires before, whether past or still marry, will tell if absent friends are dead or not property, etc. She has at first connected with her profession which will enable any one to ascertain many points to business or homes, particularly in the lucrative lot the celebrated ROCK DIAMOND brought from Africa, where no person can see but a native gentleman's Lottery, other than Madame R., who kept it as Talisman, the only person that can give lucky numbers in Lottery, and also one being a natural M. Solitaire, to answer any questions.

Fee from 50 cents to $2, for Ladies and Gentlemen. jan23dtf

MADAME BARNUM,

THE CELEBRATED SPANISH

ASTROLOGIST, CLAIRVOYANTE,

—AND—

FEMALE PHYSICIAN,

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Louisville, that she has just arrived in the city, and can be consulted on all matters pertaining to Life, either Past, Present, or Future. Tracing the Line of Life from infancy to old age, particularizing each event in regard to Business, Love, Marriage, Journeys, Lawsuits, New Matters, and Sickness of Relatives and Friends at a Distance.

The Madame will show her visitors a life like representation of them.

Future Husbands and Wives.

The Madame will furnish medicine for all diseases, for person present, male or female, and children.

No. 213 Seventh street, between Main and Market, east side, LOUISVILLE, KY. my30 dtf

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful and valuable property so well known as the

HARRODSBURG SPRINGS

located in the "Blue Grass Region" of Central Kentucky, and is the finest location for a Summer Branch of the Military Asylum, consisting of about 200 acres, with stabling necessary to accommodate 200 persons, with a large Dining Room, Bowling and repairs; also smoke and other outhouses, and all other buildings necessary for a first class hotel and commodious Ball Room.

The undersigned having been appointed agent to dispose of the above named property, will receive proposals for its purchase up to the 1st day of May, 1861, and if not disposed of by that time, it will, on the 1st day of that month, be put up on the premises at public auction and sold to the highest bidder, subject to the limit named by the owner, or the act of Congress, authorizing and directing its sale, approved June 15th, 1860.

Proposals will be addressed to me at Washington City, D. C., accompanied by a reference as to the ability of the person offering to purchase, to comply with the terms proposed, stating how much of the purchase money will be paid in cash, and what time will be required on the deferred payments; the remaining payment to secured by a lien on the property. If required a liberal credit will be given on the deferred payments, by paying the interest on the same semi-annually.

A deed in fee simple will be made by the undersigned on approval of the sale by the Secretary of War, and on the payment in full of the purchase money, as directed in the second section of the act above referred to. T. L. ALEXANDER,

Major U. S. Army.

au30 d1m&w1

AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE SALE OF THE WESTERN MILITARY ASYLUM IN HARRODSBURG, KY.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled*, That the Board of Commissioners of the Soldiers' Home be, and they are hereby authorized and required to sell and dispose of the Western Military Asylum, at Harrodsburg, Kentucky, at such time and manner, and upon such terms and conditions as they may deem just, and that the proceeds of such shall be restored to the fund of said Soldiers' Home: *Provided*, That no sale shall be made until after sixty days' public notice thereof shall be given: *Provided further*, That said sale shall be made within twelve months from and after the passage of this Act. But said sale is not to take place unless the property shall bring at least three hundred dollars.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the said Commissioners of the Soldiers' Home, or such person as they may duly and legally appoint, shall, upon the full payment of the purchase money for said Western Asylum, agreeably to the terms of sale, and the approval of such sale by the Secretary of War, make and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers, on behalf of the United States, a deed in fee simple for said property.

Business Cards.

J. H. SCHROEDER & SON,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS.

BOURBON, RYE, SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKIES, TOBACCO, CIGARS, CARDS AND BAR STORES.

28 Wall street, Louisville, Ky.

m27 dtf

F. WEIHE,

CAP MANUFACTURER,

First-street from Main (Second door south of Court House,) LOUISVILLE, KY.

KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment of CAPS, HATS, &c., which he sells at Eastern prices.

☞ Military caps of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice, and at lowest prices.

JAMES E. SAGE. J. J. CAFFREY.

SAGE & CAFFREY,

STEAMBOAT AGENTS, FORWARDING and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO 129 WALL STREET,

s19 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

F. FABEL & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO F. FABEL)

NO 145 THIRD ST., BET. MAIN AND RIVER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

LARD OIL, SOAPS, Star and Tallow Candles, &c.

THANKFUL for the patronage heretofore bestowed upon this house, we hope to merit a continuance of the same, and pledge ourselves to meet all demands in our line with the purest articles. s10 dtf

H. FERGUSON & SON,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

FLOUR

DEALERS,

FIFTH ST., ONE DOOR NORTH OF MARKET.

BEST BRANDS of FAMILY FLOUR constantly on hand.

☞ Thankful for past favors, we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. o2 dtm

B. B. CONNOR,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Potatoes, Onions and Produce,

No. 104 Third street, bet. Main and the River.

☞ Orders filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market price. s12 dtm

REMOVAL.

BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD,

GRAIN DEALERS,

HAVE removed to the new warehouse on the southwest corner of Main and First streets.

☞ We will pay the highest price for all kinds of Grain delivered at our Store, or at any good shipping point on the Ohio river.

s25 dtf BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD.

ABNER COOPER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Butter, Cheese and Produce,

119 FOURTH STREET, BET. MAIN AND RIVER,

n28 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

HART & CLARK,

No. 115 Third street, between Main and Market,

Have on hand and for sale low—

36 bbls Copper-distilled Whiskey;

1 do do do 3½ do;

10 do do do 3 do;

10 do do do 2 do;

5 quarter casks Old Port Wine;

3 do do Port Juice;

4 do do Malcirig Wine;

4 do do Sherry Wine;

15 casks Younger's Scotch Ale;

1 puncheon old Irish Whisky, 4 years old;

1 do old Scot do. 3 do.

nlo dtf

JOHN FLECK,

Lard Oil and Mould Candle

Manufacturer,

No. 7 Jefferson st., North side bet. Clay and Shelby.

And Third street, between Main and the River,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

FOR the convenience of our customers and the public in the middle and lower part of the city, I have, besides my factory, No. 7 Jefferson street, opened a store on Third street, between Main and the river, where I hope to meet with a large patronage from there. Jan2dlf

P. J. PETERS. W. J. WEBB. C. M. BURDETT

PETERS, WEBB & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PIANO FORTES!

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

CORNER OF SIXTH AND MAIN STS.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞ Having on hand a complete stock of Village Pianos, in every style of finish, from the cheapest to the best, and heads of schools are invited to examine our Instruments. They will find these equal in tone, finish and durability, to any made, and from 10 to 25 per cent cheaper. jan24 dtf

L. EISENMAN,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Groceries, Dry Goods, &c., &c.

Southeast corner Main and Campbell sts.

m27 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

P. GALLAGHER, Late of Louisville, Ky.	T. W. DYER, Late of Woodville, Miss.

GALLAGHER & DYER,

COT ON FACTORS AND COMMISSIO MERCHANTS,

NO. 33 CARONDELET STREET,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

N. B. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Pork, Bacon, Lard, &c. Rope, Twine, Jeans and Linsey, to the above houses. d&w

SPARKE & CALLAGHER,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 267 Main street, between Second and Third sts.,

s14 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

JOHN SNYDER & CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Flour & Commission Merchants,

306 Main street, between Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

PARTICULAR attention given to the sale of Flour and Produce shipped to us. au21 dtf

W. H. C. DRYDEN,

Commission Merchant

AND

**FEED AND PRODUCE DEALER

River Intelligence.

LOUISVILLE.

SATURDAY MORNING.....DEC. 15.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Particulars see Steamboat Advertisements.

TELEGRAPH No. 3, Cincinnati.
ROSE BUD, Cloe, Nashville, White river.
R. M. PATTON, Shotgard, Hopkins'.
INTELLIGENT, Cobb, Leavenworth.
DIXIE, Sanger, Ky river.
GREY EAGLE, Donnell, Henderson.

ARRIVALS, December 14.

Meteor, Pilot.	Superior, Cinc.
Glendale, Cin.	Queen of the West, Cin.
Lake Erie No 2, Baton	J H Done, Memphis.
Rouge.	Silas Kirkman, Nashville.
Grey Eagle, Henderson.	

DEPARTURES.

J H Done, Pitts.	Lake Erie No 2, Pitts.
Superior, Cin.	Glendale, Memphis.
Meteor, Nashville.	Mariner, Memphis.
Queen of the West, N O.	John Raine, N O.
Mattie Cook, Green river.	Eagle, Henderson.

THE RIVER is rising quite fast, though checked by the cold weather, with fully eight feet water in the canal by the mark last evening. During the previous twenty-four hours the rise at the head of the falls had been two and inches, and at Portland three feet, making an excellent stage of water. The weather was clear and very cold all day, being in fact one of the coldest of the season.

At Cincinnati, yesterday, the river had risen five feet eight inches, which will make a sufficient rise here to render the falls navigable this evening or to-morrow for ascending boats, fully confirming our previous estimates.

At Pittsburg, yesterday, the river was falling, with eight and a half feet water in the channel, and the weather cold.

The J. H. Lucas, now tied up on the falls, will be able to ascend the pass today to seek her way to the Abolition port of Pittsburg, where the machinery is to be placed in a new boat, we understand.

☞ The rise in the Kanawha was from Elk river, making ten feet water in the channel.

The Cumberland at Nashville, yesterday, was on a stand, with three and a half feet on the shoals. The J. A. Fisher, with a new shaft, had departed from Paducah, and the humbug named boat, the Prince of Wales, had arrived from New Orleans, and retires Southward.

We see by the Cincinnati Commercial that the Argyle has accepted the invitation of leave of absence from the citizens of New Orleans, and has laid up.

The S. W. Thomas and City of Madison have also laid up at Cincinnati.

The Westmoreland, a new boat all the way from Pittsburg, is due on her way South.

☞ The Lehigh, from St. Louis, and Madison from New Orleans, are over due.

☞ The Rose Douglas, for White river, direct will be at the wharf to-morrow, Sunday morning. Long & Bros., the agents, are ready to receive freight to-day.

☞ The Mariner having been detained by the bad weather Thursday evening, did not get away until yesterday. She descended the Falls on five and a half feet water.

☞ The Sam Kirkman came in from Nashville yesterday.

DIANA FOR NEW ORLEANS.—The Diana, the unrivalled Louisville passenger packet, in charge of the gallant Capt. Sturgeon, her able owner, takes her departure for New Orleans direct to-morrow, Sunday morning, at ten o'clock. She starts from Portland, providing comfortably and sumptuously for passengers, having been built especially and expressly to meet the wants of the Southern trade and travel, and being so out-and-out Louisville boat, and cannot be surpassed, if equalled, in any good quality. O. L. Smith, Esq., the clerk, is an accomplished gentleman, as well as a thoroughly experienced clerk, and will provide passengers with good rooms and see that they are properly attended to.

☞ The Henderson packet this evening is the fast Grey Eagle, a clipper to run. She starts from Portland, or may be able to ascend the falls, and connects at Evansville with the Green river and Carlo packets.

☞ The John Raine cleared for New Orleans last evening with a large lot of stock, and a fair number of passengers.

☞ The Dove is the packet for all landings up Kentucky river to Oregon this evening. Messrs. Pendleton and Woodcock, the clerks, are popular and attentive.

☞ The chunky Diligent is the coast packet to-day as far as Leavenworth.

☞ The renowned Telegraph No. 3, the fleet champion, is the mail and passenger packet to-day for Cincinnati and the East.

☞ The B. J. Adams towed the Katie Frisbee to Napoleon, we believe. She has a fine trip, and leaves New Orleans on her return trip to Louisville on Monday next.

☞ The Magenta, the new packet for Capt. Spotts, has her chimneys up. They are seventy-two inches in diameter, the largest on the river.

☞ The ferryboat Jesse Criddle, which sunk at Vancel's Landing, below St. Louis, and on board a portion of the freight of the T. L. McGill, which boat she had lightened.

☞ James P. Bates, President of the Board of Internal Improvements, has resigned. Capt. Thos. Cogar from the office of Superintendent of Kentucky River Navigation.

☞ The fleet Peytona is due from New Orleans this morning with a good trip. She returns South on Tuesday next.

ANOTHER DISASTER—THE SOUTH BEND SUNK—A TOTAL LOSS.—Dispatches were received from Memphis yesterday, announcing the loss of the little stern wheel steamer, South Bend, Capt. Haines, in the Mississippi, some twenty miles above Memphis. She is reported a total loss, and was bound for the Arkansas river from Cincinnati, and left this port Tuesday, having received considerable freight at this port, including a lot of boots and shoes from Warren, plows from Avery's factory, and sundry lots of merchandise shipped by Nock, Wicks & Co., Terry, and others, all of which was insured here. The boat was probably owned in Cincinnati. She was a small craft.

☞ The Cincinnati Commercial has the following proposition from the engineers:

The Steamboat Engineers' Association, we understand, met on Wednesday evening, and resolved to make a reduction of fifty dollars per month in their wages on all steamers until business revives on the river. The amount specified is a reduction from the wages of the engineers and assistants, not from the salary of each officer.

☞ The Silver Moon is coming up from Memphis with a lot of cotton, and we learn that the Neptune left that port without a bale.

☞ The New Uncle Sam was at Memphis Tuesday.

☞ The Golden State is now plying between Memphis and White river.

☞ The following in regard to the Mississippi is from our St. Louis exchanges:

The officers of the Platte Valley report about 25 steamboats in the river between this port and Alton, a large proportion of which are aground, and the others just as badly off.

We learn that the steamer Sun-shine, Capt. Carson, swung around against the New San Galy at some point near Crawford's, and both boats were considerably damaged.

☞ The Chancellor, Capt. Malborn, is due from New Orleans to-day. She returns South on Monday evening.

THE OHIO WRECK-BOAT AT MEMPHIS GONE UNDER.—The lower wharf-boat at Memphis, the St. Louis, sunk at the landing last Monday evening, and from the Avalanche we copy the following particulars:

For some time past but very little freight has been stored on the bar, and in consequence the steam above the water line were open. The Henry Chotean, Sunday evening, discharged the freight carried from the Flying Cloud on her, which sunk her so low that the water poured in through the seams in torrents, and she gradually settled and sank. Her larboard guard is entirely under water, and she lies on a pile of dirt placed in the river at the time the wharf was graded.

Of the Flying Cloud's freight—composed of 1 240 sacks corn, 500 barrels flour, and a lot of miscellaneous freight—a great portion was saved, although in a damaged condition. The boat was insured against fire, but not against water. The total loss, it is estimated, will amount to between $5,000 and $6,000.

The "lower wharfboat," as it has been familiarly known for some years, has had a chequered career. She was formerly the St. Louis, and was built more than ten years since, by the late Capt. George Taylor. She ran between St. Louis and New Orleans for two or three years, when her career as a boat came to an untimely end. While lying at the Quarantine Ground, one of her boilers was exploded, and killed a vast number of people on board of her at the time. She was subsequently repaired, but fell into disrepair, and was dismantled. She was used as a wharfboat at Cairo, for a year or two, when Duval, Algeo & Co. of that city, in 1851, purchased her, and since that time she has been where she sunk last night. Some two years since she was purchased by Messrs. J. J. Smith, Wm. McLean, and T. Bourne, who disposed of her to Capt. N. J. Vanarman, late of St. Louis, and by whom she was owned at the time she sunk.

RECEIPTS BY THE RIVER.

Embracing only the Leading Articles of Import.

CINCINNATI.—Per Superior — 28 sheets copper, James Bridgeford & Co—10 bars mill, Engelbert & Co—62 bags buckwheat flour, Hibbitt & Son—107 boxes glass, Wilson, Peters & Co—20 coils vinegar, Nock, Wicks & Co—50 pieces iron, Belknap & Co—32 bbls whisky, Schrodt & Laval—22 bundles paper, Allen, Moore & Haden—52 boxes tobacco, Nock, Wicks & Co—25 bbls flour, J B McElvain & Son—115 pieces iron, for O T. Bell & Co—54 pieces iron, Engeler—281 bbls whisky, Schroeder & Son—54 bbls flour, Tait, Anderson & Co—40 bbls whisky, John Snyder & Co—40 bbls flour, S M Lemont—100 boxes oysters, 12 bbls cider, 4 bbls alcohol, 10 bbls hominy, 100 bags hemp, 3 bbls fish, 1 cotton rope, 16 bbls kromt, 217 packages merchandise, 5 cardigans.

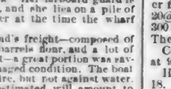
DIED,

On the 14th inst., ANNIE MCNAIR, infant daughter of Mary B. and R. L. Fort.

The funeral will take place on this (Saturday) morning, the 15th inst., at 10 o'clock, from the residence of her parents on Jefferson, between Third and Fourth, south of Green.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

CANVAS-BACK DUCKS—DIAMOND-BACK TERRAPINS!



CANVAS-BACK DUCKS, DIAMOND BACK TERRAPINS, SHREWSBURY OYSTERS, received daily by express at the

ST CHARLES RESTAURANT.
dec6 Fifth street, between Main and Market.

Commercial.

OFFICE LOUISVILLE COURIER,
FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 14, 1860.

There is no change to note in financial circles to-day, unless it is still for the worse. The demand is small, but under no circumstances is it met, except for those parties having gilt edge, and then they are accommodated only in a small way. It is impossible to obtain money for any speculative trades, and the consequence is that the transactions in breadstuffs and provisions are limited to a few small ——— to supply the immediate wants ——— sales to purchasing, and ——— over these circumstances the prices are ——— is gradually increasing, with no prospect of any change for the better for some time to come. The real condition of the money market is not as bad as is generally thought, but what makes things look so gloomy is the want of confidence that merchants have in each other at present. There is no change in the interest matter. There is a small demand for Eastern exchange, but it is with difficulty that parties get their wants supplied. The banks quote at 1 per cent. premium, but are not drawing except to a small way for those having claims upon them. The outside rates are 1¼ to 2 per cent. premium, at which brokers are drawing. There is but a small amount of business doing in New Orleans exchange, and the rates remain the same as last reported.

The general market is quiet, with a small home demand for flour at yesterday's quotations. The advices from the East this evening were not so favorable, though the market at present the same firm appearance that was noticeable yesterday, and holders were less anxious to sell. The sales are only in a small way to supply the demand for home consumption, as dealers are not disposed to till any orders for shipping unless the cash is advanced. The market for wheat is perfectly dead, and since the commencement of the present financial excitement the receipts have been very light, as the price was at that time just down below the views of farmers. There is no disposition on the part of either millers or dealers to purchase at present, though small lots of choice would command 70c for red, and $1 for white. The receipts of corn continues light with a good demand, but the sales have been limited at prices ranging from 43 to 45c for new car to sew shelled from the ——— wagons. It is selling at a decline of about 5c on the above quotations. The market for oats is dull with but a small demand, with limited sales at yesterday's quotations. Whisky is unchanged, with a good demand at 14½@ 14¾c.

The grocery market is quiet but prices are steady, with but a small demand for sugar for home consumption at 6½@6¾c for fair to choice New Orleans sugar. Molasses is dull, and prices have a still downward tendency. The sales to-day were small at 27@28c for prime new plantation molasses. There is a small demand for coffee at 14½@14¾c, but small sales are made at 15c for prime Rio. A telegraphic dispatch from New Orleans, dated Wednesday, quotes sugar in demand with more buyers than sellers, and prices are stiffer though not quotable higher: sales of 400 hhds. at 5¾c for fully fair. Molasses in good demand and light supply, and the market is firm: sales of 1,000 bbls. at 23@ 24c for prime.

There was a better feeling manifested in the provision market, and holders were less anxious to sell, though there were a few buyers in the market for mess pork, and the sales were limited to 150 bbls. new mess at $15 cash. Holders are holding in anticipation of an advance, which is strongly looked for at present, though none has been established so far. The advices from New Orleans say that mess pork in that place had advanced to $17 with a good demand and light receipts, had a favorable effect in our market. The indications are that we shall have a steady demand from that quarter hereafter for those staples.—The demand for bacon to fill orders continues small, and the sales are limited at 8, 10, and 12c for shoulders, rib and clear sides. There is nothing doing in green or bulk meats. There was rather a better feeling manifested in the market for hogs, and good ones could have been sold at $5 25 net, though we heard of none offering. There were several hogs in the market at that price, but parties holding were not willing to sell. The farmers who have good fat hogs are generally having them packed, preferring to take the chances in having the bacon than to sell their hogs at the present prices now offering.

Financial Matters Abroad.

The New York Tribune of Wednesday says:

There was rather a belief feeling in the money market to-day, and more was done in paper discounted, but generally unchanged, though perhaps more names are current at 1 per cent. a month than was the case a few days since. The applications at bank this morning were very large. Merchants must remember that the purpose of the banks in their present movement is to aid business, which, if well done, could not get through without aid, not to discount paper which can be turned into money in Wall street. Houses which can sell their paper at 12@1½ per cent. a month in Wall street, or which can do without any discounts at all, should not press their offerings upon the banks at the present time. To do, they have an unfair advantage of their weaker brethren.

The failure of Messrs. Doughty & Co., grocers, of Broad street, is announced. They stopped in consequence of the impossibility of making collections South and West.

The St. Louis Democrat says of Exchange:

Exchange on the East and South rules at all rates, from 1 to 10 per cent. premium. Bank checks are 1@2 per cent. premium to customers, in a small way; outsiders and 7@8 premium in bankable funds, and as high as 10 premium in Illinois currency. Yet, as a general thing, there was not that difference between currency and bankable funds to-day, some heavy dealers taking currency at only 1 discount. The range, however, at which currency was sold and bought varied from 1@2 per cent. The rejected Illinois money is still unsaleable.

Hog Items.

The Cincinnati Gazette says of Hogs and Provisions:

The market for hogs opened pretty active at $5 25 for first class, and one lot sold as high as $5 35, but the news from New York took the edge off the trade, and there were a few more sellers than buyers at close at $5 25 for lots averaging 200 lbs and upwards. The sales comprised about 2,000 head, and the receipts 7,800. Light freights to the Eastern cities are published in another place, it will be seen that hogs average very high. This is the result of late feeding. Hogs having been held back, and the consequence is, the average weight will be 15 to 20 per cent. greater than last year. A drove loaded heavy that is passing the country he found it difficult to obtain small hogs enough to fill a contract calling for 240 lb averages, and he remarked that he would rather agree to furnish 300 lb than 240 lb hogs. Orders from New Orleans gave tone to the market for mess pork, which opened at $14 and advanced to $14 25, with sales of 1,000 bbls. At the outside figure the demand was met freely, and the trade closed rather tame. Green meats closed steady at 4¼@ 6@6¾ and 6¾@6¾ for shoulders, sides, and hams. Bulk meats held at 5¾@6c packed, for shoulders and sides. About 200 thereof lard sold at 8¾@8¾c.

The Chicago Tribune says:

The receipts of hogs, live and dressed, during the past week, amounted to 17,672, against 15,530 received the previous week, and 29,584 during the corresponding week in 1859. The total receipts of hogs, live and dressed, from the 1st of November till date for four years, compare as follows:

1860	99 916
1859	91,135
1858	136,586
1857	67,503

The receipts of hogs, live and dressed, to-day, amounted to only 1,918. Under this light supply and a fair inquiry both by packers and shippers, live hogs were firm, with sales at $4 20@4 75 gross. Dressed hogs were also firm, and in some instances an advance of 5@c was paid, the sales ranging from $4 75 to $5 50.

Daily Review of Louisville Market.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—The market is firm at rates, from 1 to 10 per cent. premium. Bank checks are 1@2 premium to customers, in a small way; outsiders and 7@8 premium in bankable funds, and as high as 10 premium in Illinois currency. Yet, as a general thing, there was not that difference between currency and bankable funds to-day, some heavy dealers taking currency at only 1 discount. The range, however, at which currency was sold and bought varied from 1@2 per cent. The rejected Illinois money is still unsaleable.

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Latest by Telegraph.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, with the approbation of the President, to issue notes at such rates of interest as may be offered by the lowest responsible bidder who ——— offer to take the same at the lo——— ——— may interest; but in decidi——— ——— lowest rate of no fraction ——— ——— upon those bids may be ——— ——— be considered which ——— less than one quarter per cent. per annum, the notes to be transferable by assignment to whose order the same is made payable, and received by the proper officers in payment of all duties, taxes, public loans, and all debts of any character.

The Secretary is further authorized to purchase the notes at not to the amount of principal and interest due at the time of purchase, and so much of any unappropriated money in the Treasury as may be necessary for the purpose is appropriated for the principal and interest. The power to issue and reissue notes shall cease on the first day of January, 1862.

The usual provisions are made for punishing forgery and counterfeiting. All money hereafter contracted for under the authority of the Treasury Loan Act of June last shall be used in redemption of the treasury notes outstanding and those to be issued under this act, and to replace in the Treasury any amount of said notes which shall have been paid and received for public dues and not by other purpose.

A letter from a distinguished source, just received from Alabama, says that it is now certain that the co-operationists and conservatives will carry every county in northern Alabama in the election which ——— gates to the convention, and ——— or more in Middle or Southern Alabama, thus rendering doubtful the question as to which cause will triumph in the convention.

Col. Taylor, a leading Bell man of that State, has published a letter strongly favoring co-operation. If, however, the ordinance of secession be passed, the conservatives will insist that it be submitted to the people for ratification.

Private accounts from Georgia state that the conservatives, under the lead of Stephens, Johnson, Jenkins, and others, are in strong hopes of carrying a majority of the members of the State Convention, and that the conciliatory tone of the Republicans will do much to strengthen the Southern conservatives.

A circular has been prepared by Southern extremists, addressed to their constituents, and is privately presented to Congressmen of that class for signature.

Notwithstanding the rumor to the contrary, the President did receive, a week ago, the most distinct and explicit assurance that South Carolina would not resist the Federal authorities during his administration.

This being the anniversary of the death of Washington, delegations of Free Masons from the different States met here to day to honor his memory, and pledge their influence in the promotion of harmony and fraternal feeling.

The Committee of Thirty-Three and the majority in Congress will stand by Mr. Rust's resolution as a basis of compromise. The extreme Republicans and the secessionists oppose it.

There is a rumor that Senator Douglas will, in the Senate, declare it to be the duty of the President to resist secession by force of arms.

There is good reason to believe that Gen. Cass intends resigning his position as Secretary of State; indeed, it is reported that the President has been so informed, but that he will endeavor to dissuade him from this course. There is no doubt that the Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Trescott, has resigned.

Washington Gossip.

NEW YORK, Dec. 13. — The World's Washington correspondent says: The secessionists and anti-secessionists have been in great excitement over the news which has leaked out from the capital to-day, concerning the disposition of Major Anderson, commander at Fort Moultrie, for more men and ammunition, and the action of the Cabinet thereupon. It is stated, on authority which I think is not to be disputed, that Maj. Anderson has decided upon the necessity of reinforcement to his command and his supplies, because when the secession ordinance shall have been passed, there is no security that a Charleston mob will not make a desperate onslaught upon the nearest Federal possessions.

The question of acceding to Major Anderson's request has been up before the Cabinet, and it was decided not to grant it. Secretary Cass, it is asserted, strongly urged the propriety and necessity of the opposite course, whether Major Anderson was justified in making the requisition or not.—If justified, his request should be granted at once. If not, then he is incompetent to fill his place, and it should be supplied by some one who would not make a demand in troublesome times, so long as he is in authority. The means of asserting his authority should be conceded to him in spite of these arguments, which are unanswerable.

The Cabinet refused to send any more men or ammunition to Fort Moultrie, and there the matter stands.

The Tribune correspondence says it is intimated that Gen. Cass will resign in consequence of the action of the Senate.

The Herald correspondence says that at the request of Hon. Reuben Davis, a member of the Confederate States, the Southern members of Congress assembled at his rooms to night, and adjourned at 11 o'clock, at which the following declaration was made and signed by those present. It had already been presented to the Committee of Thirty-three:

The Southern Manifesto—To our Constituents: The argument is exhausted. All hope of relief in the Union, through the agency of the Committee and congressional legislation or constitutional amendments, is extinguished, and we of the South will not be deceived by appearances or therepretense of guarantees. The Republicans are resolute in their purpose to grant nothing that will or ought to satisfy the South. In the unequal judgment, the honor, safety, and independence of the Southern people are to be found only in a Southern Confederacy, the inevitable result of State secession; that the sole and primary aim of each slaveholding State ought to be its speedy and effectual secession from an unnatural and hostile Union.

Signed by Pugh, Clopton, Moore, Curry, and Stallworth, of Alabama; Iverson, Underwood, Cartrell, Jackson, Jones, and Crawford, of Georgia; Hawkins, of Florida; Hindman, of Arkansas; Brown, Barksdale, Singleton, and Reuben Davis, of Mississippi; Craig and Ruffin, of North Carolina; Benjamin and Landrum, of Louisiana; Senators Yulee, Sebastian, Johnson of Arkansas, Slidell, Wigfall, and Hemphill, will sign it.

The manifesto will be immediately communicated to the several constituencies of the gentlemen named, by telegraph.

The Times correspondence says: Official information has been received here that Holland has made arrangements for the emancipation of the slaves in all the Dutch Colonies, on the principle of English emancipation, making compensation to the masters.

The Herald correspondence says it is understood that Kansas will be admitted next week, the Democrats not designing nor desiring to interfere with the wishes of the Republicans.

The Senate Territorial Committee will bring forward a Territorial organization for Pike's Peak.

Mr. Grow, from the House Committee, will bring forward a similar bill.

Mr. John Cochrane to-day offered to the House the report of the Commissioners appointed and empowered to inquire and report upon the course of instruction, the organization, and system of discipline of the Military Academy at West Point. It recommends a Board of Revision and a five years' course of instruction.

From New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—The North Star, from Aspinwall, has arrived, with the California mails of Nov. 30th and $1,083,000 in treasure. By the papers by the Star from Panama, we learn that the China Congress had extended extraordinary powers to the President until Sept. 30th next. Both houses had sanctioned the bill by which authors or abettors of mutinous, riotous, seditious movements are jointly answerable for the damages caused thereby. Congress has also sanctioned the project presented by the government for sending a minister to the court of Rome.

The dates from Callao are to Nov. 14th. Mr. Clay would leave in a few days on the Wyoming, homeward bound.

The revised Constitution of Peru has been accepted and sworn to, and published. Congress has, in secret session, conferred extraordinary powers on President Costilla with reference to the present difficulties with Bolivia. It is, therefore, thought that Costilla will not content himself by simply overthrowing Belzu, but will probably try to annex Bolivia to Peru. A letter from Lima says that Costilla is to raise an army of 30,000 men to oppose against Bolivia, and it is thought he will be victorious in the coming struggle.

Fire.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 14.—About midnight last night a fire broke out in the building on the corner of Main and Center streets, in Orange, N. J., the lower part used as a rum shop, and the upper for tenants. This was consumed, and also a number of stores adjoining. The fire extended west to the brick store of J. C. Lightship, and east to the new Methodist Church, which latter was partially consumed; the postoffice, in Waverly Hall, occupied by A. H. Freeman, Smith & Tickner, grocers; also drug, jewelry, and other establishments were destroyed. The Second Baptist Society property, on the next side, and owned by Messrs. Linsley & Blake, was also burned. Loss, $30,000; mostly insured.

From South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 13.—The Senate has adopted a resolution appropriating half a million dollars for the exigencies which secession may create.

Large secession meetings were held last night at Savannah, Columbus, and Atlanta. So far the meetings have been more conservative than secessionism; however, they are in favor of resistance in some form. The Montgomery Advertiser yesterday published a presentment of the Grand Jury of the Federal District Court, declaring the Federal Government worthless and impotent—a nuisance for committing violations of the Constitution in a State, nullifying the Fugitive Slave Law, and other causes.

From Kansas Territory.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 14.—A special dispatch from Mound City, Kansas, of the 8th, to the Democrat, says all is quiet there. No arrests have been made. Montgomery, Jennison, Seaman, and others are ——— not to be found.

Gen. Harney ordered two companies of ——— under Major Wessels and Capt. Lyon to be stationed at Mound City, and two companies of dragoons, under Capt. Steele, at Fort Scott.

Harney wishes to declare martial law, but Governor Medary would not consent, preferring that the United States Marshal should make arrests, and the prisoners be tried by Territorial law.

Later from Pike's Peak.

FORT KEARNEY, Dec. 14.—Two coaches of the P. of L. C. & P. P. Express passed here this evening with dates from Denver of the 11th. None of the parties for Gen. Juan had reached those mines, owing to deep snow. Encouraging reports still continue to reach them. The weather in the Gregory mines was very fine, and works were going rapidly ahead.

These coaches take down twelve passengers and $7,000 in dust.

Collision—Destructive Fire.

MEMPHIS, Dec 14.—The steamboats Goody Friends, on the way up, and the South Bend, going down, collided forty miles above here. The South Bend sunk—the former proceeded on her way. Several lives were lost.

The Overton Block, consisting of six stores, on the corner of Main and Monroe streets, were burned to-day. Loss $175,000—insured for $90,000. One fireman was killed.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 14.—A special dispatch to the Republican, from Independence, says Adson, who was wounded, and Bell, who escaped from Walker's, were found yesterday secreted in the woods. They were surrounded and ordered to surrender. After consultation, they drew pistols and rebelled they would die first. They were immediately fired upon and killed.

The Extradition Case.

TORONTO, Dec. 14.—The decision in the extradition case of the fugitive slave Jones alias Anderson is expected to be given by the court to-morrow. The authorities are making active preparations to prevent the anticipated attempt at a rescue. The police are to be armed, and the troops held in readiness.

From Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 14.—The line of steamers between Boston and Charleston will discontinue their trips for the present.

Daniel Hocken, tried for the murder of Henry Dillon, in Lowell, was to-day found guilty of manslaughter.

The Argo.

CAPE RACE, Dec. 13.—The steamer Arago, for New York, passed here at 1 o'clock this morning. She sent up rockets as a signal to the shore, but the weather was so rough that it was impossible to launch the boat to communicate with her.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., December 13.—The Charleston Courier believes a compromise is impossible.

River and Weather.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 14, M.—River risen 5 feet 8 inches; 24½ feet in the channel.—Weather clear. Thermometer 19.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 14, M.—River 8 feet 6 inches by pier mark, and falling. Weather clear. Thermometer 18.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 14, P. M.—River eight feet six inches by pier mark, and falling. Weather cold and clear.

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, December 14—M.

Flour unchanged and dull. Whisky in good demand and firm at 14¾. Hogs in light supply and market firmer at $4 35@5. Mess pork firm and in demand at $11 25. Lard in better demand and 8¾ is offered. Green meats are unchanged. Money 2@3 per cent and scarce. Sugar reinforcement to his command and his supplies, because when the secession ordinance shall have been passed, there is no security that a Charleston mob will not make a desperate onslaught upon the nearest Federal possessions.

The question of acceding to Major Anderson's request has been up before the Cabinet, and it was decided not to grant it. Secretary Cass, it is asserted, strongly urged the propriety and necessity of the opposite course, whether Major Anderson was justified in making the requisition or not.—If justified, his request should be granted at once. If not, then he is incompetent to fill his place, and it should be supplied by some one who would not make a demand in troublesome times, so long as he is in authority. The means of asserting his authority should be conceded to him in spite of these arguments, which are unanswerable.

The Cabinet refused to send any more men or ammunition to Fort Moultrie, and there the matter stands.

The Tribune correspondence says it is intimated that Gen. Cass will resign in consequence of the action of the Senate.

The Herald correspondence says that at the request of Hon. Reuben Davis, a member of the Confederate States, the Southern members of Congress assembled at his rooms to night, and adjourned at 11 o'clock, at which the following declaration was made and signed by those present. It had already been presented to the Committee of Thirty-three:

The Southern Manifesto—To our Constituents: The argument is exhausted. All hope of relief in the Union, through the agency of the Committee and congressional legislation or constitutional amendments, is extinguished, and we of the South will not be deceived by appearances or therepretense of guarantees. The Republicans are resolute in their purpose to grant nothing that will or ought to satisfy the South. In the unequal judgment, the honor, safety, and independence of the Southern people are to be found only in a Southern Confederacy, the inevitable result of State secession; that the sole and primary aim of each slaveholding State ought to be its speedy and effectual secession from an unnatural and hostile Union.

Signed by Pugh, Clopton, Moore, Curry, and Stallworth, of Alabama; Iverson, Underwood, Cartrell, Jackson, Jones, and Crawford, of Georgia; Hawkins, of Florida; Hindman, of Arkansas; Brown, Barksdale, Singleton, and Reuben Davis, of Mississippi; Craig and Ruffin, of North Carolina; Benjamin and Landrum, of Louisiana; Senators Yulee, Sebastian, Johnson of Arkansas, Slidell, Wigfall, and Hemphill, will sign it.

The manifesto will be immediately communicated to the several constituencies of the gentlemen named, by telegraph.

The Times correspondence says: Official information has been received here that Holland has made arrangements for the emancipation of the slaves in all the Dutch Colonies, on the principle of English emancipation, making compensation to the masters.

The Herald correspondence says it is understood that Kansas will be admitted next week, the Democrats not designing nor desiring to interfere with the wishes of the Republicans.

The Senate Territorial Committee will bring forward a Territorial organization for Pike's Peak.

Mr. Grow, from the House Committee, will bring forward a similar bill.

Mr. John Cochrane to-day offered to the House the report of the Commissioners appointed and empowered to inquire and report upon the course of instruction, the organization, and system of discipline of the Military Academy at West Point. It recommends a Board of Revision and a five years' course of instruction.

From New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—The North Star, from Aspinwall, has arrived, with the California mails of Nov. 30th and $1,083,000 in treasure. By the papers by the Star from Panama, we learn that the China Congress had extended extraordinary powers to the President until Sept. 30th next. Both houses had sanctioned the bill by which authors or abettors of mutinous, riotous, seditious movements are jointly answerable for the damages caused thereby. Congress has also sanctioned the project presented by the government for sending a minister to the court of Rome.

The dates from Callao are to Nov. 14th. Mr. Clay would leave in a few days on the Wyoming, homeward bound.

The revised Constitution of Peru has been accepted and sworn to, and published. Congress has, in secret session, conferred extraordinary powers on President Costilla with reference to the present difficulties with Bolivia. It is, therefore, thought that Costilla will not content himself by simply overthrowing Belzu, but will probably try to annex Bolivia to Peru. A letter from Lima says that Costilla is to raise an army of 30,000 men to oppose against Bolivia, and it is thought he will be victorious in the coming struggle.

Fire.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 14.—About midnight last night a fire broke out in the building on the corner of Main and Center streets, in Orange, N. J., the lower part used as a rum shop, and the upper for tenants. This was consumed, and also a number of stores adjoining. The fire extended west to the brick store of J. C. Lightship, and east to the new Methodist Church, which latter was partially consumed; the postoffice, in Waverly Hall, occupied by A. H. Freeman, Smith & Tickner, grocers; also drug, jewelry, and other establishments were destroyed. The Second Baptist Society property, on the next side, and owned by Messrs. Linsley & Blake, was also burned. Loss, $30,000; mostly insured.

From South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 13.—The Senate has adopted a resolution appropriating half a million dollars for the exigencies which secession may create.

Large secession meetings were held last night at Savannah, Columbus, and Atlanta. So far the meetings have been more conservative than secessionism; however, they are in favor of resistance in some form. The Montgomery Advertiser yesterday published a presentment of the Grand Jury of the Federal District Court, declaring the Federal Government worthless and impotent—a nuisance for committing violations of the Constitution in a State, nullifying the Fugitive Slave Law, and other causes.

Auction Sales.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

☞ TO THE LOVERS OF OMITHOLOGY:☜

BEAUTIFUL STUFFED BIRDS
AT AUCTION!

ON TUESDAY MORNING, December 18th, at 10 o'clock, at Auction rooms, we will have a Special Sale of rare and beautiful

STUFFED BIRDS!

Arranged on sprays, in groups, and under glass shades, which will be found on examination to represent living nature. The collection embraces a great variety of the most beautiful birds in the United States; also, a variety of Humming and other Birds from the West Indies and South America.

☞ The collection is now ready for inspection.
dl5 d3 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

Chinese and Japanese Goods,

☞ The only general collection in the United States, for a few days and evenings only! ☜

THE ENTIRE STOCK IN FREE EXHIBITION!

ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON from 3 o'clock to 9 in the evening, in the Parlor of the Masonic Temple—entrance on Jefferson street.

Auction to commence on SATURDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, 2½ o'clock evenings, and 7 o'clock at night, *without reserve.*

☞ *This is the first of this class of Goods ever offered at auction in this city.*

It is impossible, by any written description, to convey an adequate idea of the merits of the numerous goods which compose this Invoice. *This is a glorious chance for Bridal Presents.*

For further particulars, see Catalogue.
S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.
Dr. J. J. ABRAHAM, Sole Agent for the distillers and porters. d12d4

AUCTION SALES
BY NATHAN WHITE.

At 222 Fourth street, between Main and Market

I HAVE just returned from the East with a large and varied stock of Watches, Jewelry, Cutlery, Hosiery, Plated Ware, Clocks, Spectacles, Violins, Linen Threads, Spool Cotton, Combs, Men's and Women's Belts, Soaps, Pins, Buttons, &c., &c.

The above consignment of goods will be sold nightly at Public Auction, and at private sale during the day.

Dealers are invited to attend.

☞ Sale to commence every evening at 7 o'clock.
d13-dtf N. WHITE, Auctioneer.

THERE is no surer passport to good society than the wearing of one of those elegant DRESS HATS made only at
n13 ALEX CRAIG'S

THE most magnificent RUSSIAN SABLE CAPE ever brought to the city is now ready for inspection at ALEX CRAIG'S.

GENTS' FUR CAPS, GLOVES AND MUFFLERS, GAT [n13] CRAIG'S.

BEAUTIFUL SWAN'S DOWN AND ROYAL ERMINE SETS, at ALEX CRAIG'S.

WE will inform those young men who have been waiting that we have this day received a fresh supply of the "SENSATION" and "RENFREW" HATS, and we can now "clothe them fit" at [n13] ALEX. CRAIG'S.

INFANT'S AND MISSES' FELT AND BEAVER HATS—All styles and colors, handsomely trimmed, at [n13] ALEX. CRAIG'S.

FOOT MUFFS AND ROBES—A fresh supply received to-day at [n13] CRAIG'S.

RECEIVED THIS DAY—
25 cases "Widow